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VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1894. No. 52

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Feb. 22, 94.

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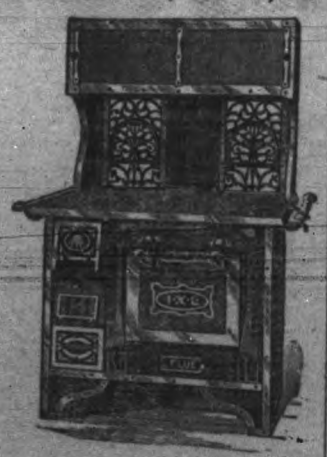

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I. O. O. F.

Colfax Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 1.

The members of the above lodge are requested to meet at the Lodge Room, Douglas St., on Sunday, 25th inst., at 1 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late sister, Mrs. Sarah Ann Dale. All members of I.O.O.F. Lodges are invited to attend. By order,
fe24 SISTER WALKER, N.G.

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CATTELL'S MANIA.

A Rich Jersey Banker Believes He is Bankrupt.

Camden, N. J., Feb. 24.—Alex. G. Cattell, United States senator for New Jersey, and a former president of the New Jersey Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Camden, is under treatment at Jamestown, N. Y., mentally and physically broken down. His mental failure was noticed as early as last March, since which time he has not been at the bank, but so closely have his family guarded the secret of his affliction that the nature of it is even now known only to a few. His mania is that he has become bankrupt, and his remarks about impending poverty and privations in his old age—he is an octogenarian—caused the astonishment, as it was known that he had an ample fortune. The delusion grew until he could not offer a cigar to a friend without the pathetic remark, "smoke it, old friend, it is the last I can ever offer you." Finally his brothers, Dr. William C. Cattell, ex-president of Lafayette college, who resides in this city, was consulted, and Mr. Cattell was sent to Jamestown to be treated by Dr. Livingstone.

In an interview Dr. Cattell said: "My brother is not insane. He is simply laboring under a hallucination. He imagines he is a bankrupt, and will never sign his name again. Ex-Judge E. Ambler, of Camden, says my brother ought to be able to write his check for $100,000 after all his debts are paid. Dr. Livingston has written to me that his age is very much against his recovery."

Last night Dr. Cattell read a letter to Rev. Mr. Hitchcock who has been to Jamestown. He reports that he is still confined to his bed and emaciated from long suffering. Except for the delusion that he is poor and is thus suffering from melancholy, his mind is clear.

MODERN SURGERY.

A Boy With a Broken Neck Completely Cured.

New York, Feb. 24.—Isaac Gertstein, 10 years old, of Allen street, who was taken to the Gouverneur hospital on January 10th, with his neck apparently broken, Dr. Jamal said yesterday, will be discharged cured and returned to his home in a few days. Young Gertstein was knocked down and run over by a team and wagon.

Dr. Jamal said yesterday that when the boy was brought into the hospital it was found that he had sustained a fracture at the base of the brain and fractures of the second and third cervical vertebrae, with a probable dislocation either of the second or third cervical vertebrae. He was unable to speak or swallow. Occasionally he moaned with pain and he never lost consciousness entirely. The upper part of his body was put in a plaster of paris cast and he gradually began to improve. Hope was first entertained of his ultimate recovery when he began to swallow, taking small quantities of beef tea and other liquid food. From the third day after receiving his injuries, he showed signs of paralysis of the limbs, but now the only signs of paralysis are on the right side of his face.

The boy's neck and upper part of his body were kept in plaster of paris for four weeks, when they were removed and his injuries were found to have healed and though there are slight disfigurements due to the nature of his injuries, they do not affect his vitality. The results of his injuries, which are still apparent, consist of a peculiar squint of his right eye, which is due to paralysis of the sixth cranial nerve, and paralysis of the right side of his face, due to an affection of the right cranial nerve.

His sense of hearing, sight, taste and touch are all perfect, with the exception of a slight impediment in hearing, which will probably improve in time.

The Cornell Outrage.

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 24.—The sensational revelations in the chloride gas outrage at Cornell promised yesterday, have not yet been made. The whereabouts of student Dingenes is still a mystery. The colored victim of the outrage was yesterday buried. The students have subscribed $100 towards defraying the expenses of burial.

CAUGHT A TARTAR.

Disaster Overtakes a British Expedition

ON THE CAMBIAN COAST, W. AFRICA.

Sailors From Two Warships and West Indian Corps

March Against the Forces of Chief Fodisalah—Capture Two Stockaded Villages, Holding Them All Night—Retreat to Boats Gives the Savages a Chance—Ten British Killed.

London, Feb. 24.—The wife of the paymaster on board H. M. S. Widgeon, stationed on the west coast of Africa, has received an ambiguous telegram, which indicates that a fatal disaster has overtaken a British force in a fight with natives somewhere along the west coast.

London, Feb. 24.—Advices from Bathquest, capital of the colony of Gambia, West Africa, say that a detachment of sailors from the British warships Raleigh and Widgeon, supported by the West India regiment, landed for the purpose of attacking a slave raiding band under Chief Fodisalah. It is reported the British were surprised by Fodisalah and compelled to retreat with heavy loss.

Later dispatches from Bathurst make the fight between the British and slave traders more serious. In addition to those killed and wounded a number of marines and part of the West Indian infantry company that participated in the engagements are missing, and it is feared they have perished. Another strong force will be sent in search of them.

Later advices received from Bathurst say the British expedition against Chief Fodisalah captured two stockaded villages which they held over night. Next morning it was decided to return to the boats. The British had scarcely begun their return when they were attacked on all sides. The loss of the British was ten killed and 47 wounded.

Tacoma's Coming Show.

San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Frank Lane, of Tacoma, who is chiefly responsible for Tacoma's fair project, has been visiting San Francisco for a week. Last night he left for home. Just before leaving he said: "As a place of entertainment, Tacoma's fair is not intended to be a rival of the Midwinter, but it is to be an exhibition of the industries of the Pacific coast such as has never before been seen. It is, properly speaking, an inter state exposition, the territories and states of the northwest will be fully represented by Wyoming, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and Alaska. The resources of each will be amply and practically demonstrated, not for parade or effect, but for utility. Profiles of the soil on which crops are raised and the minerals will be shown in detail, and the manufactures of such states as have manufactures. Growth and progress in the northwest is what we intend to make known throughout our fair and so far as possible it will be done on an extensive scale and in a practical way. The plan is to illustrate each phase of the country's growth, after the fashion of the '40 camp exhibit in your Midwinter Fair. A big feature, and a thoroughly original one, is a gigantic Indian wigwam to be made of Oregon fir trees 250 feet in height, and to contain within its mammoth interior living illustrations of the manners and customs of the Indian tribes inhabiting the northern section of our country."

Much Ado About Nothing.

New York, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Rachel Maier, wife of a butcher, whose store is at Alabama and Glenmore avenues, Brooklyn, went to the seventeenth precinct station yesterday and said she was going to give herself up. The police would not listen to her. It is alleged that her former husband, Herman Greenke, died last August from the effects of a dose of arsenic. They then lived in Racine, Wis. The deceased was a graduate from a German military academy. Soon after Greenke's death she collected $10,000 insurance on her husband's life. In a few months the widow married Maier and came to Brooklyn. The friends and relatives of the dead man circulated stories about the woman, intimating that she had poisoned her husband. They demanded an autopsy, and said that his widow had threatened to commit suicide if an autopsy was made. The physician who attended him said he died of cholera morbus. The relatives secured a warrant for the woman's arrest, but the authorities did not believe that her apprehension would be justified, and she was allowed to leave without molestation. Mrs. Maier believes the stories about her have been started by men who wanted to marry her for the little money and the house she owned in Racine, Wis.

Searching for Buried Miners.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 24.—Superintendent Rossa came up the shaft of the Gaylord mine at Plymouth yesterday afternoon. He said he thought the end of the long search for the thirteen miners who were buried by the fall was very near now. "The work will be much easier from this out," he said, "and we can push ahead much more rapidly than we have been able to heretofore. The fall ahead is light and is mostly of coal, so that it can easily be cleared. It will not be half as hard to move as the buckstone rock we have just passed through. As to the bodies, we may come on one at any moment. I have ordered the men to be careful with their picks, as I don't want any of the bodies to be mutilated, and a careless man might drive his pick through one of them, you know, before he saw it." Yesterday an extra force of men was put to work on the culm banks picking out coal, for not enough is taken out of the mine to keep the boilers going, so the culm is taken to the breaker and screened and a supply thus obtained. The crowd around the shaft was larger yesterday than it has been for some time. This was caused by a rumor circulated that the bodies had been found.

Relics Not the Rage.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—In the alley between Michigan and Wabash avenues in this city is a pile of old logs that once composed the famous log cabin built in 1830 by Abraham Lincoln and his father. The cabin was bought by a syndicate for $10,000 in the belief that it was good for $50,000 during the World's fair, but it was a failure. The John Brown fort at Harper's ferry was also brought here, but it too was a failure. An alleged Uncle Tom's Cabin fared little better.

Carlton the Much Married.

New York, Feb. 24.—The marriage of Henry Guy Carlton, the playwright and author, and Miss Olive May, who is a member of the John Drew theatrical company, was announced last night. The ceremony was performed while the company was in Chicago, but has been kept secret. On January 21st Mr. Carlton and Miss May, with Mrs. May, the bride's mother, and two friends, left Chicago and ran up to Milwaukee, where they were married by the Rev. Carl Gram. The party returned to Chicago, but the marriage was not announced, and not even the members of the company knew of it. This is Mr. Carlton's third matrimonial venture. His first wife, Mis Marc, of the old New York family of that name, procured a divorce from him, and then in 1889 he married Effie Shannon, then a member of the Lyceum company, who secured a divorce last year.

Minister Phelp's Illness.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 24.—Ex-Minister Phelps is resting easier this morning but his condition is still critical.

At War Again.

New York, Feb. 24.—The two eastbound freight and passenger pools with the trunk lines and central traffic associations spent so long a time in organizing, have split and are now admitted to be failures. The very day the presidents of the two associations signed the agreements, or very soon thereafter, some of the officials, it is reported, went out to devise means of circumventing their contracts. Their neighbors were not long in finding this out, and several of the companies made open threats that they would make a public reduction of the rates if the offenders did not withdraw their secret contracts at manifestly lower rates.

Arouses Painful Recollections.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—The famous Harrison homestead at the corner of Ashland and Jackson streets has been leased to E. Kohlsaat for two years. "It was in that house that the shot was fired which killed my father, and it seems impossible for any of us to enter the dining room without having it recalled to our minds," said Carter Harrison, jr., yesterday.

Wiman Out on Bail.

New York, Feb. 24.—H. L. Horton called at the district attorney's office this morning and deposited $25,000 in cash as bail for Erastus Wiman. Wiman was released at noon.

General Tracy, counsel for Wiman, says that after examining the papers in the case and consulting his client, he is satisfied that Wiman has committed no crime, and that unless he has been misinformed, the trial will develop nothing that can reflect on Wiman.

Very Cold in Gotham.

New York, Feb. 24.—This is the coldest day of the winter, with the temperature at 5 degrees above zero and a nipping north wind blowing. The streets are practically deserted and car drivers and policemen had all they could do to keep warm. Reports from various points through the state say the thermometer ranges from ten to thirty degrees below zero.

Associated Banks' Statement.

New York, Feb. 24.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserves increase, $230,075; loans increase, $1,880,300; specie decrease, $674,400; legal tenders increase, $1,580,000; deposits increase, $2,750,100; circulation decrease, $311,700. The banks now hold $74,767,500 in excess of the requirements of the 35 per cent. rule.

Prendergast's Fate Sealed.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Judge Brento this morning denied the motion for a new trial in the case of Prendergast, the murderer of Mayor Harrison, and sentenced the prisoner to be hanged on March 22.

P. E. Island's New Governor.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Howlan was sworn in as Lieut.-Governor of Prince Edward Island at 12:30 to-day by Lord Aberdeen.

The whole city is excited to-day over the report that Angers, Ouimet and Costigan have resigned their positions in the cabinet. On inquiry, your correspondent learns there is no truth in the story. Thompson denies it, but it shows that the government is not a happy family.

Marine

The schooner Pioneer will sail for Santa Rosalia on Monday. She is taking 60,000 feet of timber from the Sayward mill, loading it in Esquimalt.

It is rumored that the C.P.N. Co., has libelled the barkentine Wrestler.

The collier Empire passed up last night.

The Mexico sails for Alaska on Tuesday.

The Costa Rica passed up this morning.

Societies.

Seghers Council, No. 85, Y.M.I., will hold their regular meeting next Monday evening. The amendments to the by-laws proposed at the last meeting will be dealt with, and the reports of several committees will be read. The council will probably give another card party some time next month.

NOT ULTRA VIRES.

The Ontario Government Wins an Important Victory

IN THE HIGHEST IMPERIAL COURT

The Act Respecting Assignments and Preferences.

By Insolvents and Other Bankrupt Persons Is Valid—Dominion Government Contended This Was Ultra Vires of Ontario—Webster and Blake the Counsel.

London, Feb. 24.—The judicial committee of the privy council gave judgment to-day declaring the Ontario act respecting assignments and preferences by insolvents and bankrupts to be valid. This is a victory for the Ontario government and reverses the judgment of the supreme court, which awarded in favor of the Dominion government's contention that such legislation was ultra vires of the province of Ontario. Their lordships declared that the side provisions at issue, easements relating to assignments purely voluntary, do not infringe on the exclusive legislative power of the Dominion government. The merits of the case were heard on December 15th, when Hon. Edward Blake appeared for the province of Ontario and Sir Richard Webster presented the arguments on behalf of the Dominion. The question was whether the jurisdiction of the Dominion parliament on the subject of bankruptcy and insolvency was so exclusive that, though not exercised, the provincial legislature was powerless to give even partial relief. Canadian judges had differed on the subject. The Dominion government were not anxious to maintain the opposite view, though, as a matter of official duty, they had to contend, and through their counsel did contend, an exclusive jurisdiction, despite the Ontario insolvency act of 1887.

The British-Canadian stores, limited, has issued a prospectus to the public to-day with a capital of £20,000 and the first issue of stock amounting to £150,000. The object is to establish a number of retail stores in Montreal, Toronto and elsewhere in Canada on the same cash trading system as the English army and navy, the civil service and other stores. The company will also open British wholesale departments for Canadian produce.

Brazilian Matters.

Montevideo, Feb. 24.—Word came from Santos that it is expected the city will be in possession of the insurgents before the end of the week. There is great excitement in the city. The streets are filled with soldiers and citizens in terror.

The insurgent forces have won another victory. The loyal troops were defeated by the federals two days ago near Foximo, on the road from Stanare to Sao Paolo. Nearly every man in Peixoto's battalion was wounded. During the fight the national police deserted Peixoto and joined the rebels in a body.

It is reported that the insurgent transport Mercurio has been sunk by a government battery at Pontei Madouna. The boiler of the transport burst, killing several men.

BONILLA BADLY BEATEN.

The Nicaraguan Army Routed—Zelaya Tired of the Fighting.

San Salvador, Feb. 24.—A courier arriving here from Corpus says that in a battle yesterday the force under Manuel Bonilla was completely routed, 80 being killed and 140 wounded. The Nicaraguans are greatly discouraged.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 24.—It is claimed here that if the Honduran revolutionists were as brave as their Nicaraguan allies Tegucigalpa would have been captured long ago. All sorts of expedients are adopted to tide over the financial difficulties caused by the war.

New Guatemala, Feb. 24.—Private advices from Nicaragua say that President Zelaya is tired of the war, and is anxious to submit the dispute to arbitration. He has signified to other Central American governments that his government is ready to unite with the other republics to form a union.

Amapala, Honduras, Feb. 24.—A cargo of arms and ammunition has arrived here from New Orleans.

It is expected in Belize that the coffee crop and other crops will be lost because there is nobody to harvest them.

President Vasquez is paying the troops regularly.

A Nicaraguan spy has been shot by Urrutia.

San Jose de Costa Rica, Feb. 24.—The Roderiquez party has formed a coalition which apparently insures his election. The opposition will protest and civil war is not improbable.

The Anarchist Campaign.

Paris, Feb. 24.—Emile Henry, the anarchist who threw a bomb in the cafe of the Hotel Terminus, confessed to-day that he was responsible for the explosion in the police station in Rue des Bons Enfants in November, 1892. He also formed the plot to blow up the offices of the Canmaux mining company.

Fire at World's Fair.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Fire was noticed in the dome of the agricultural building at the World's Fair grounds this morning. It soon spread to all parts of the roof. It is believed to be confined to the agricultural building.

Terrible Work of a Cyclone.

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch from Port Louis, Mauritius, reports that a cyclone swept the island yesterday doing almost incalculable damage to property and killing and injuring many people. A crowded railway train was blown from the track and rolled down an embankment into the Coromandel river, killing 50 persons and injuring a large number of others.

AN ALL NIGHT SESSION.

Legislature Spends the Night Discussing the Estimates.

MEMBERS HAVE SOME LIVELY TILTS

Several Hours Spent on the Discussion on the Votes for Interest and Sinking Fund on the Public Debt—A Test of Endurance.

FEBRUARY 23.

The Speaker took the chair at two o'clock. Prayers by Rev. E. Robson.

The private bills committee reported on the bill relating to certain public works in the township of Richmond. Report received.

Mr. Eberts presented a petition from residents of Sumas in favor of a bill relative to drainage and dyking.

Hon. Mr. Vernon continued the debate to go into committee of supply. The attorney-general, he said, did not know anything of his brother's appointment as delegate to the Ottawa conference until after the appointment was made. Dr. Davie's second appointment as health officer was made on account of the cholera scare. The appointment was under a health act that is on the statute book. The doctor resigned as soon as it was found that there was no fear of an invasion of smallpox. In reference to the travelling expenses of ministers, the complaint all over the province was that the ministers did not travel enough. The crofter scheme was not originally accepted by the provincial government but by the British government. On account of a change of government in England and the general depression the company could not float their scheme. It was not a failure on the part of the provincial government. The proposition made by Mr. McKenzie to have the names of roads on which expenditure was to be made should be placed in detail in the estimates, was not a new one. In 1879 he, then a member of the opposition, had moved in that direction but the concensus of opinion was against it. He had never heard of a commissioner refusing to grant a pre-emptor permission to be absent from his claim for six months. There were commissioners in every district, and there was no difficulty in obtaining leave. The present act was a good one, but of course a few objections were found from year to year. This year he had a few amendments to propose. The government did not press the pre-emptor to pay for the land. In some cases they had remained on the land for 10 or 15 years without paying a cent. As soon as they wanted to sell or borrow money on the land, they would have to pay for it. The member for Westminster city had said, "God help the government if the leader of the opposition got at their records." The members of the house can obtain what records they wish by an order of the house.

Voices—What about the Nakusp & Slocan railway correspondence.

Hon. Mr. Vernon repeated the arguments of the finance minister regarding the conversion of the loans and the general financial condition of the province.

Mr. Sword rose to explain. The last speaker had said the opposition were trying to force the government's hand relative to the Nakusp & Slocan bill. The opposition were not in a hurry for the bill but they did want the correspondence. They did not want mere promises—they wanted the correspondence brought down.

Dr. Watt made a short speech in defence of the government's action in appointing Dr. Davie as health officer. He wished to emphasize the argument of the chief commissioner, that the ministers, especially the premier, should visit the different parts of the province. The money spent in this way was well spent. He hoped the labor bill would remain on the statute book in the same state.

The motion to go into committee was carried and Mr. Martin took the chair.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said that under the estimate for interest he noticed amounts for interest on the loans of 1877 and 1887, and in the estimated expenditure there was an item of $180,000, withdrawal of sinking fund. Either the estimated expenditure or estimated revenue was wrong. Under the statute the sinking fund could not be withdrawn until all the bonds are converted. He was speaking on the interest of the different loans when

Hon. Mr. Turner rose to a point of order.

Hon. Mr. Beaven suggested that the minister of finance keep his temper and keep in order.

Several attempts were made to prevent Mr. Beaven from speaking on the point, but they were unsuccessful. Continuing, Hon. Mr. Beaven said the money borrowed by the act, 1877, was borrowed on condition that a certain sum would year by year be placed in the hands of trustees as a sinking fund. Until all the debentures of the loan of 1877 had been redeemed the sinking fund could not be used as revenue as the government intended to do. the estimates stated they intended to do. It was an action that would injure the credit of the province for all time to come.

Hon. Mr. Turner contended that there was more than sufficient in the sinking fund to meet the loan. There was a clause in the act allowing the government to make a withdrawal from the sinking fund. The system adopted by the government was the same that had been adopted by other provinces.

Mr. Cotton said it must be quite clear that the minister of finance did not understand the act and that the leader of the opposition was right. The sinking fund had been created to protect the debenture holders and as long as any debentures were outstanding the government would have to continue to accumulate the sinking fund.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Those who would not keep faith with the bond holders were injuring the credit of the province.

Hon. Mr. Davie said it was not to be supposed that the legislatures that passed the loan acts made such blunders that the sinking fund could not be used after all but about $100 out of the million dollars borrowed had been redeemed. That one debenture not redeemed might have been lost or destroyed. Both the trustees and the minister of finance had been advised that they could withdraw the sinking fund.

Mr. Cotton said the word "remaining" in the statute meant the amount of the sinking fund left after the loan had been redeemed or converted. The attorney-general had shown that the argument of the finance minister was not good.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the attorney-general and minister of finance were divided on the question. The attorney-general could not explain something, so he abused the opposition. If there was any blunder it was in the act of 1891, which proposed to do something that the legislature could not do. It was monstrous to suppose that the province could borrow money and then change the conditions under which it was borrowed. If the argument advanced by the attorney-general was correct the legislature could take away all the security the bond holders had. He did not ask the members to take his opinion, he asked them to read the statutes. The sinking fund had to remain in the hands of the trustees until every debenture was fully paid and satisfied. It was a dishonorable act to take the sinking fund from the proper place. He supposed the legislature wanted to keep faith with the bond holders. The attorney-general could not contradict one statement that had been made. He was there to try and protect the credit of the province and did not care one cent for what the attorney-general thought about him.

The vote for interest was passed and the vote of $53,887.45 for sinking fund was taken up.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said last year the estimates stated that there was nothing needed for the sinking fund for the loan of 1877, while this year an amount was placed on the estimates for it. It showed how unreliable they were. This should not be an estimated amount—it should be the regular rate on the bonds outstanding. The credit and the honor of the province were at stake. The credit of the province would not be so high when it was known that the interest of the bondholders was not protected.

Mr. Sword wanted to know how $30,000, the amount named by the premier, was to be saved by conversion. He thought that the attorney-general, by ignoring an act of the province, would do more to injure the credit of the province than the so-called anarchists.

Hon. Mr. Turner said there was no necessity to ask for a vote of the house for the interest and sinking fund. The amounts were paid under statute.

Dr. Milne said the finance minister yesterday complained that the opposition would not give him an opportunity to explain his position. He had an opportunity to make an explanation now, but he did not take advantage of it.

Hon. Mr. Turner did not know what Dr. Milne wanted him to explain.

Mr. Semlin—He wants you to make the explanation you wanted to make so badly yesterday.

Mr. Sword—The members of the executive had said that they wished the minister of finance to explain certain things and now they said everything was as clear as could be.

The committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

The house adjourned at 6 o'clock until eight.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Speaker called Mr. Martin to the chair and the house was proceeding in committee of supply, when Hon. Mr. Beaven rose to a point of order. He contended that the speaker must take the chair and the motion be put "that the speaker do now leave the chair."

Hon. Mr. Pooley said that would have to be done if it was another day's sitting, but not when it was a continuous session of the house.

Mr. Speaker having been called decided that the house should proceed in committee, and he again called Mr. Martin to the chair.

Hon. Mr. Turner, in explanation, said the saving in interest and sinking fund by the conversion would amount to $12,000 per annum. Last year $10,000 was actually saved.

Mr. Sword said the sinking fund would run on so much longer, so there would actually be no saving.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The finance minister ignored the fact that he had added $265,000 to the debt of the province in converting $705,000, not one-half of the bonds. It would cost $350,000 to convert the balance of the bonds. The minister of finance had apparently been bantering with a desire to refute this statement, but it still stood unrefuted. The house should pass a resolution putting a stop to the conversion, as it was ruinous to the province.

Hon. Mr. Beaven could not see the necessity of voting a salary for a fifth minister.

Mr. Kitchen wished to know what good it was to place $1,500 in the estimates for a collector of agricultural statistics.

Hon. Mr. Turner said the government had been congratulated on their agricultural report and had been advised to go on.

Mr. Kitchen said it was a waste of money. The report was unreliable and of little use.

Mr. Semlin said, without reflecting on the collector of statistics, the information could be obtained without having a collector. They had agents and constables in every district who could provide the information.

Mr. Hall suggested that the collector could go around educating the farmers.

Mr. Semlin explained that the collector was a bookkeeper, not an agriculturist. All he did was to go around handing farmers blank forms to be filled in.

Mr. Forster contended that the returns were one-sided. The farmers who had good farms would give information, while the farmers who had poor farms would give no information. If the government wished to assist agriculture they should provide an agricultural college.

Mr. Kitchen said it was time that the vote for the fifth minister, which was being dangled before the eyes of certain members, was left off the estimates.

Mr. Anderson said the office of minister of immigration was an important one. The government should encourage British farm laborers to come here. Many of the unemployed could find enough to do if they went into the country. The government should clear an acre, build a small house, and give these with about forty acres of land to British farm laborers or other settlers.

Mr. Semlin considered it incomprehensible that Mr. Anderson should support the government, holding the views that he did.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said it was the land policy of the government that prevented immigration. Even the chief commissioner could not inform intending settlers what land had been taken up. Four ministers were quite enough. When the vote for the fifth minister was first obtained it was said that the provincial secretary had too much work. The fifth minister had not been appointed, and yet the provincial secretary found time to visit London on his own private business.

On the fifth minister vote the members wandered into a general discussion, in which the opposition pointed out many of the weak points in the government's policy.

Mr. Kitchen moved to strike the vote off the estimates. It could not be necessary, he said, to have five ministers. Last year for three months the whole government was run by one minister, all the other ministers being out of the province.

Mr. Semlin said it would be well to strike the amount out. The government would be rid of an embarrassment. They could not find a supporter in the house capable of filling the position.

Shortly after midnight, members on both sides of the house having evidently made up their minds to sit up all night, the premier came out of the lobby with several coal oil lamps, for use in case the electric lights went out.

Several opposition members asked the minister of finance whether the government intended to appoint the fifth minister, or what the government intended to do with the $4,000 proposed to be voted and what the proposed minister was to do, and how he could administer his office for the benefit of the public when there was no vote for deputies or clerks for the fifth minister's department.

Hon. Mr. Turner declined to answer these questions.

Messrs. Cotton and Kitchen would not allow the question to be put until these questions had been answered. They took turns in keeping the floor for half an hour.

Hon. Col. Baker volunteered the answer that clerks already appointed would assist the fifth minister.

Mr. Cotton did not think this answer a satisfactory one. He repeated the question.

Hon. Col. Baker asked him to repeat the question again.

Mr. Cotton repeated the question once more, but still the provincial secretary professed not to understand it, so it was repeated for the twentieth time. Mr. Cotton added that there was nothing voted with which to administer the office of the fifth minister, not even $1,000 for travelling expenses.

Mr. Hall claimed to understand the question and volunteered to answer it.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the answer of Mr. Hall threw a new light on the subject. A question had been asked the ministers and Mr. Hall had answered it. Mr. Hall was perhaps the prospective minister, having decided that he could administer the fifth department without any clerks. But they would hardly accept Mr. Hall's answer until he had been gazetted. It would be far better to spend the $4,000 for rural schools than for a figure head for a department. If the government would strike out the vote for a fifth minister he would take his seat. He was sure that every member would sooner see the sum spent for schools than for an ornamental figure.

Mr. Hall started to sing "He's a Jolly Good Fellow," just to kill time, but

Mr. Cotton called him to order and tried to force the government to answer his question or strike the vote of $4,000 off the estimates. The government not being willing to do either, he took his turn at killing time by quoting statistics as to the average number of children there were to each family.

Mr. Kitchen took his turn at passing time. After dealing with the school report, he proceeded to read the report of Col. Baker's speech delivered at Vancouver.

The chairman called him to order, but as Mr. Kitchen claimed that the speech dealt with education he could read it, and read it he did.

Hon. Col. Baker rose to a point of order. He wanted to know if it was in order for a member to wipe his nose with his fingers.

Mr. Cotton—That is a question of privilege, not a point of order.

The Chairman—I rule that a member can wipe his nose with his fingers if he wishes to do so.

Mr. Kitchen—The provincial secretary must have come from Billingsgate.

Continued on page 7.

Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick.

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them." J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

An Ideal Food for Infants.

MILK GRANULES WITH CEREALS

A combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co.

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Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

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A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

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WHY DON'T YOU TRY Scott's EMULSION?
IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Berlin, Feb. 23.—The currency commission, appointed by the government to appease the bimetallists and agrarians, held its first sitting, to-day. Count Bosnlovasky, secretary of the imperial treasury, in his speech introducing the proceedings, said that owing to the recent action of India and the United States in currency matters and the depreciation of silver, the subjects to come before the commision were of the greatest importance to the commerce and trade of Germany and the world at large. The questions to be considered by the commission demanded earnest and exhaustive examination. The commission's task would be to ascertain whether or not the value of silver could be raised; if it could be raised, what were the best means to that end; how the silver price could be kept stable; and what was the best basis for practical measures that would tend to solve the problem of a distinct agreement of states.

Paris, Feb. 23.—Leo Lauthier, the anarchist who stabbed and seriously wounded M. Georgevitch, special envoy of Servia to France, in November last, was to-day sentenced to life imprisonment.

Berlin, Feb. 23.—The anarchists Paulowitz and Petersdorf, charged with publicly inciting to violence, were to-day sentenced to prison for nine and three months respectively.

Buenos Ayres, Feb. 23.—A dispatch from Pernambuco says that Admiral Gonsalves, of the government navy, has sailed from that port for Manaos, the capital of the state of Amazonas, on an important mission.

London, Feb. 23.—The receivers of the affairs of Captain O'Shea, formerly the husband of the widow of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, have issued a detailed statement of the assets and liabilities of the bankrupt captain. According to the statement Captain O'Shea owes £8,000, which he offers to settle at seven shillings on the pound. This offer the receivers advised the creditors to accept.

Vienna, Feb. 23.—Six of the anarchist prisoners were acquitted. Haspel, Havel and six others were sentenced to terms varying between two and four years. The report that two sentences were deferred was false.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—M. de Giers, minister of foreign affairs, who has been dangerously ill for several days, is sinking slowly. He is kept alive with oxygen gas, and the end may come at any moment.

London, Feb. 23.—The house of lords this evening agreed to permit the parish councils to hold meetings in parochial school houses. The Duke of Devonshire, leader of the Liberal Unionists, moved that the county councils be made the tribunal to decide upon the compulsory purchase of allotments under the allotment act, with the power of appeal to the local government board. The motion was passed. Lord Salisbury, the Conservative leader, proposed a new agreement, which would give parishes of 200 to 500 population the choice between a council and no council. The amendment was approved by a vote of 99 to 76. Lord Salisbury then moved that the parish councils be allowed to elect one-third of the trustees of the local charities. The amendment was carried by a vote of 72 to 35. The house next agreed to drop the amendment excluding London from the scope of the bill. The lords finished their work on the bill this evening and sent it back to the house of commons.

Press Men's Meeting.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—The members of the Illinois Press Association were slow in getting together this morning. Rev. Dr. Henson, the eminent Baptist divine, H. H. Kohlsaat, of the Inter Ocean, and Victor F. Lawson of the News, and Melville E. Stone of the Associated Press, were amongst the speakers. The committee on the proposed trip to Europe presented a report which was unanimously approved, and which provides for a three months' trip to England and the continent. The delegates then discussed the law of libel and other typical questions. The election of officers takes place this afternoon, and the convention concludes to-night with a reception tendered to the delegates by the local press.

The Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 23—Sterling exchange is strong with an active business in bankers' bills at 4 86 1-2 to 4 86 3-4 for sixty days, and 4 88 1-4 to 4 88 3-4 for demand. The "shorts" in the industrials rushed to cover at the opening of business this morning, on advices from Washington indicating that the sugar schedule would be revised by the Senate when the Wilson bill comes up before it. The stock bounded up 1 3-4 to 90 3-4. General Electric rose 10 to 28 1-2, and the other active stocks 1 1-8 to 1 1-2 per cent. The market outside of the industrials was quiet throughout, and the net changes were confined to the fractions. The dulness, excited comment in view of the developments in the silver and grain markets, and can be accounted for only by the fact that operators are determined to keep their hands off until something definite is known regarding the tariff and income tax laws. Silver broke all records again, falling to 27 1-4 pence per ounce in London. In the local market commercial bar fell to 59 3-4 c. and Mexican dollars at 48 1-2. In ordinary times a "break" such as to-day's would have turned things topsy-turvy in Wall street. The "stump" in London was ascribed to liquidations by a defeated "bull" pool, who bought the metal on the idea that the Indian government would impose an import duty on silver. Over-production and the withdrawal of the United States as a purchaser were also given as reasons for the "break." This drop might have had some effect, had it not been for fairly large purchases of wheat from western account, which not only strengthened the price of the product but prevented the "bears" from following up their tactics of the past week or ten days in the Grangers. The rise in foreign exchange also felt that so far as the stock market is concerned. In the afternoon there was a decline in Chicago gas of 1 1-4 to 62 1-8. The active list fell off in sympathy, but the decline was in no case equal to a full point. New York Central and American Sugar made the largest losses outside of Gas. New York Central was weak on the talk of cutting eastbound rates and poor earnings. Near the close Sugar was taken in hand once more and moved up to 93 3-4, and as a result the market left off firm. Closing bids: Atchison, 12 1-2; Burlington & Quincy, 74 7-8; Canada Southern, 49 1-2; Canadian Pacific, 68 1-2; Central Pacific, 13 3-4; Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St Louis, 35 1-2; Delaware & Lackawanna, 167 3-4; Erie, 18 1-2; Wells Fargo, 129; Lake Shore, 126 1-4; Louisville & Nashville, 46 1-8; Missouri Pacific, 22; Great Northern preferred, 102; New York Central, 97 7-8; New York & New England, 11; North American, 4; Northern Pacific, 4 1-8; Northern Pacific preferred, 17 3-4; Northwest, 102 1-2; Oregon Navigation, 20; Oregon Improvement, 11 1-2; Pacific Mail, 17; Reading, 21 1-4; Rock Island, 66; Southern Pacific, 22; St. Paul, 56 3-4; Texas Pacific, 8 1-8; Union Pacific, 17 7-8; Western Union, 83 5-8; Bar Silver 60 to 62c.; Union Pacific firsts of 1896, 104 1-2; Central Pacific firsts of 1895, 103 1-2 bid.

Torpidity of the liver and disorders of the stomach and bowels, cause headache and the failure of all desire for food. Ayer's Cathartic Pills stimulate the action of the stomach, liver and bowels, cure headache, and restore the appetite.

10 per cent. Discount for Cash for One Month. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Continued from page 6.

where everybody wipes his nose on his sleeve. He had not wiped his nose with his fingers.

The chairman called Mr. Kitchen to order.

Mr. Kitchen claimed that the speech of the minister of education referred to education, for which the vote under discussion was proposed. He intended to show how the minister of education earned his salary last year.

Mr. Cotton reminded the chairman that the opposition knew nothing about the vote for the fifth minister, while the government members did, or should, know about it. The opposition members were therefore anxious to obtain every scrap of information that they could.

Mr. Keith in a long speech contended that as there was no room for immigrants there was no room for an immigration minister.

Mr. Hall, who had taken the chair during Mr. Martin's absence, tried to shut off the debate, but Mr. Forster had something to say.

Hon. Mr. Davie rose to a point of order. The privileges of debate were being abused. The way the debate was being proceeded with was out of order.

Hon. Mr. Beaven contended that the government was responsible for the delay.

The chairman called Mr. Beaven to order.

Hon. Mr. Beaven objected to being peremptorily ordered to take his seat.

The chairman appealed to the speaker on the question that the speakers were wandering from the question to prolong the debate and obstructing the business of the house.

Mr. Sword wanted to know if a chairman could appeal to the speaker without a resolution from the committee.

Mr. Speaker having taken the chair said he would stand no fooling. The charge that the minority were obstructing the business of the house was a serious one.

Hon. Mr. Beaven contended that the members of the government were the obstructionists. They had refused to explain a civil question put to them.

Mr. Speaker said the information wished for could be asked for in the house. The discussion in committee should be confined to the vote proposed to be passed. If a member did not come to order when called to order he was in contempt of the house, and if a member would not come to order the chairman could put the question as if no member was on the floor of the house. If the question was again referred to him he would apply cloture.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The cloture cannot be applied in this house.

After receiving instructions from the speaker, Mr. Hall again took the chair and Mr. Forster continued the debate.

The chairman put the motion while Hon. Mr. Beaven and Mr. Kitchen were on their feet.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—You cannot do that.

The chairman—I intend to put the resolution, and I will put it.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—You are a disgrace to the legislature.

Mr. Kitchen—I have the floor. You put my amendment and it was carried. The only way you can make me stop talking is to put me in charge of the sergeant-at-arms.

Dr. Milne—It is a disgrace to the legislature. He was surprised that members would sit still and stand such a thing. He did not blame the chairman; he had been put up to do what he had done. No one would sit on him.

Hon. Mr. Vernon rose and tried to smooth matters over, everybody speaking at the same time.

The chairman again put the motion, but five members were on their feet, and all were talking at once.

Mr. Cotton said he would not be sat on by any one. He challenged the chairman to put him in charge of the sergeant-at-arms.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The chairman is a disgrace to the house.

Hon. Mr. Davie—A man of your years ought to know better than to speak like that.

Mr. Kitchen moved that the committee rise and ask the speaker to appoint another chairman. The action of the chairman was a disgrace.

Mr. Hall left the chair, and Mr. Martin resumed his place, which he had been out of during the row.

Mr. Kitchen wanted to know if his amendment was in order.

Hon. Mr. Vernon said the proposition made by Mr. Kitchen was not an amendment.

The Chairman—As far as I know the amendment is in order.

Hon. Mr. Davie wanted the speaker's decision on the point, so the speaker was again appealed to. He decided that the amendment was in order. It would have been much simpler to have voted against the original resolution.

The amendment was negatived and Hon. Mr. Beaven continued the debate on the original motion. He would like to see the vote for the fifth minister defended. It would be simple for the government to explain the proposition. The house had the right to know why the vote had been placed on the estimates.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the chief commissioner had given the information, but if the leader of the opposition wished to have the explanation over again he would give it.

Voices—Give us the explanation?

Mr. Kitchen—I understood the finance minister refused to give the explanation.

Hon. Mr. Turner—What I said was that an explanation had already been given.

Mr. Kitchen—It looks more like something to dangle before the eyes of members and constituents. Last year $3,000 had been paid the Colonist for publishing a pamphlet on British Columbia to encourage immigration. The pamphlet would not give any information to intending immigrants. If the people had their way they would decrease the executive by two ministers.

The chairman and Mr. Kitchen had a lively spat as to whether Mr. Kitchen was or was not in order.

Hon. Mr. Davie said he could not give an explanation that would be satisfactory to the opposition. He could not satisfy the opposition. He would make an explanation if the opposition would vote

MONEY FOR YOU

The D. L. Emulsion.

If taken in time it will cure most severe cases of Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, or chronic irritation of Throat or Lungs.

THUS YOU SAVE a heavy doctor's bill, loss of wages, much discomfort.

aye or nay after the explanation was made.

Mr. Kitchen—That is beating around the bush. He should explain the matter for the satisfaction of the country.

Dr. Milne said an immigration minister was unnecessary. The Dominion government had an agent here to attend to that.

At 3:30 a.m. a suggestion to adjourn was made but neither side would yield and the debate continued.

Mr. Keith said the opposition were not going beyond their privileges in asking the government for information.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the opposition refused to be bulldozed by the government. The attorney-general was too fond of bulldozing.

Dr. Milne—The finance minister relied on the explanation of the chief commissioner. That explanation was that it was the policy of the government to keep the vote on the estimates. That was no explanation.

Hon. Mr. Davie was speaking on the questions of the unemployed and redistribution when he was called to order.

The chairman rang the bell to take a division and half a dozen members jumped to their feet and had a lively discussion as to whether the vote should be taken.

The chairman declared the resolution for $4000 for the fifth minister carried.

In answer to Hon. Mr. Beaven, the chief commissioner said the staff of his department had been decreased by one clerk and one draughtsman.

Mr. Kitchen asked how it was that outsiders were engaged to conduct prosecutions when there was an attorney-general, deputy attorney-general and crown solicitor.

Hon. Mr. Davie explained that a very small amount was paid for prosecutions.

The members of the opposition obtained from the government explanations of all the changes in the estimates of civil service salaries. On the vote of $1500 for a librarian there was a long discussion. The opposition members contended that it was not necessary to pay a librarian all the year around when the house was only in session for three months every year.

Mr. Semlin moved that the allowance be reduced to $300, the former vote, but his motion was defeated and the original vote was passed.

During the discussion on vote 28, $22,320 for supreme and county courts, Mr. Martin had his head on the chair and was apparently asleep. Hon. Col. Baker went up to wake him up.

It was suggested that the house should adjourn, it being 6:15, but Hon. Mr. Davie refused to consent to the adjournment.

Mr. Semlin—If the attorney-general tries to tire us out he will have a long wait.

Hon. Mr. Beaven called attention to the number of members asleep and several heads flew up from desks.

Mr. Martin, the chairman, declared vote 28 adopted.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I was on my feet before the vote was passed. I cannot help if the chairman was asleep and could not see me.

The chairman—Sit down. You are out of order.

Hon. Mr. Beaven declined to sit down, he was in order.

Hon. Mr. Davie—When the chairman orders a member to sit down, he has to sit down.

The chairman—But he will not sit down. Will the leader of the opposition sit down?

Hon. Mr. Beaven sat down and got up again.

The chairman—Why do you sit down and get up again. The vote has been passed.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—You are mistaken.

The chairman—You are mistaken.

Mr. Rogers—If you cannot bring him to order appeal to the Speaker.

The chairman—The leader of the opposition is all right.

Mr. Sword wished to know if the motion for the committee to adjourn was in order.

The chairman—No such motion was made.

Mr. Sword—You are mistaken.

The chairman—You are mistaken.

Dr. Milne—You were asleep.

Mr. Kitchen—The vote could not be passed when there was a member on the floor.

The chairman—The member had no right to be on the floor.

Mr. Kitchen—It was not passed.

Hon. Col. Baker contended that Mr. Kitchen was out of order.

Mr. Kitchen—What is the point of order?

Mr. chairman—The point of order is that you are saying nothing.

Hon. Mr. Davie said it was very unseemly for a member to wrangle with the chairman. The question should be referred to the Speaker.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The proceedings this morning will be a lasting disgrace to the province. If he pointed out the reason for this unseemly discussion he would have to point out something that had been brought into the house that had caused the wrangling. The chairman and other members were asleep.

The chairman (throwing his books on the floor)—I was not asleep. If nature calls on me to go to sleep, I will go to sleep.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Why, the provincial secretary had to wake you up.

Mr. Sword appealed to the Speaker.

The Speaker having taken the chair arguments on both sides regarding the passage of the vote was discussed. The government claimed that Hon. Mr. Beaven and Mr. Sword were not on the floor when the vote was put, the opposition claiming otherwise.

The Speaker put the motion to the house and the chair was sustained.

There was a long discussion on the vote for stipendiary magistrates. It was pointed out that in Nanaimo another magistrate had to perform the duties of the stipendiary magistrate and the same was the case with one of the Westminster magistrates.

Hon. Mr. Davie said he was aware that some of the magistrates were not performing their duties and they would be brought to task for it. The vote had to be passed, however, as there was an agreement with the Dominion government. Those magistrates that did not do their duty would, however, not receive their allowance.

Mr. Kitchen moved to strike out the vote, which was defeated.

Mr. Keith introduced an amendment to do away with the magistrates who were not doing their duty.

The chairman was putting the question without receiving the amendment when

Mr. Keith told him that he did not know what he was talking about.

The amendment was defeated.

Mr. Kitchen did not think it was necessary to appoint a gold commissioner and recorder for Alberni. The vote was, however, passed.

Mr. Beaven said, seeing it was 7:30, the house should in all reason adjourn.

The government refused to adjourn.

Hon. Mr. Beaven contended that the members could not deal with figures after having been up all night.

Mr. Kitchen advised the leader of the opposition to go home. The other members of the opposition would hold the fort and keep the government in their seats longer than they bargained for.

On the vote of sessional allowance, Mr. Kitchen moved to decrease the number of members and the allowance of each from $600 to $400. The amendment was lost.

At a quarter to 8 Hon. Mr. Beaven moved that the committee rise and report progress, but the government voted it down and Mr. Beaven left the house.

Mr. Forster could not see why there should be so large a vote for Cowichan. That district was only one-third the size of Nanaimo and received the same amount as Nanaimo.

Mr. Croft made a few remarks and Mr. Martin declared the vote carried.

Mr. Forster claimed that the chairman was taking a snap vote.

Hon. Mr. Davie, wishing to speak to the question, the motion was again put. Nanaimo, he said, had been very fairly dealt with.

Mr. Kitchen said Cowichan district was too well treated.

Mr. Forster moved that the vote be reduced to $4000.

The chairman declared the amendment defeated.

Mr. Sword said he was on his feet before the question was put. He appealed to the house against the decision of the chairman but the house sustained the chair.

Mr. Semlin complained of the inadequacy of the vote for Yale district. The premier had promised to do more than $20,000 worth of work in the district.

Mr. Kitchen said it was a waste of money to spend $1000 to survey the Squamish and Pemberton Meadows trail. They knew quite well where the trail was. It would be better to spend the money to improve the trail.

Mr. Sword asked the government what they intended to do with the $20,000 for surveys.

Hon. Mr. Vernon said part of it would be used to carry out the topographical surveys in West Kootenay.

Hon. Mr. Beaven, who had returned after a couple of hours, said the $8000 for advertising should be called a corruption fund.

Hon. Mr. Beaven and Hon. Mr. Semlin objected to the vote of the board of examiners of the Provincial Surveyors' Association holding that the principle was bad and that all sorts of professions would be making applications.

Hon. Mr. Davie held that the surveyors were differently situated than the other professions.

Mr. Semlin questioned the good derived from the Imperial Institute as far as British Columbia was concerned. Only recently a lecturer at the Institute had run Canada down.

Hon. Mr. Baker said he was sorry to hear that about the Imperial Institute. Were the honorable member to go to London he would appreciate what a fine thing the institute was. The honorable member neglected to say that the lecturer had been hissed from the platform by his auditors. So would the honorable leader of the opposition were he there. He and his confreres were the only ones who were crying down the province and injuring its reputation.

Hon. Mr. Beaven defied the provincial secretary to prove that he had ever run the province down. In fact the provincial secretary himself had done much to injure both the province and his reputation abroad. The government members had done much to injure the reputation of the province in bringing false returns to the house. The speaker was called to order by Mr. Booth, chairman. He protested that Hon. Mr. Baker had been allowed to speak. He said anyhow they were voting money they did not have unless they resorted to further taxation or borrowed it.

Hon. Mr. Beaven, when the item of $3000 for the provincial board of health was reached, said that it needed an explanation. It again brought up the question of the payment to the provincial health officer. He desired to say that the objection to the bill was not because it was paid to a brother of Hon. Mr. Davie but because the payment was illegal. Dr. Davie's pay went on at a time when the law was not in effect, and at a time when there was no occasion for his employment at all.

Hon. Mr. Davie said that Dr. Davie could not be employed by a private party for twice the sum paid him. He held that all of the precautions taken were necessary and charged Hon. Mr. Beaven with failure to cope with the disease. It would not be necessary very likely to put the whole staff on but the law would be put in effect and a secretary placed in charge.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Tell me what service Dr. Davie performed in 1893?

Hon. Mr. Davie—Kept it out.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the city health officer aided by better Dominion regulations had kept it out. He denied the charge that he had neglected the smallpox. The only question was the securing of a site for a pest house. The hands of Dr. Milne, city health officer, had been tied with injunctions.

In considering the vote of $22,363.35 in the supplementary estimates for interest, Hon. Mr. Beaven said the sum was not really a supplementary estimate but an indemnity. The action of the hon. attorney-general in appointing the provincial librarian was illegal. He also pointed out that of the vote of $48,000 for roads, streets, etc., $32,000 had already been spent and special warrants issued. He named a number of abuses of the special warrant privilege.

At 12:45 the estimates were finally passed and amid cheers the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Davie, seconded by Hon. Mr. Vernon, the house went into committee with Mr. Croft in the chair to consider the address of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, transmitting the redistribution bill. Hon. Mr. Beaven called for an explanation of the bill. There was half an hour's talk on rules of order and the bill was finally reported, read a first time and the second reading set for Monday. The house adjourned at 1:15.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Protecting Vatican Treasures.

Rome, Feb. 24.—As a result of the scare recently occasioned in the Vatican by the breaking out of a fire in the mint it has been decided to station a special fire brigade within the immediate call of the latter institution. The mint is immediately behind the Basilica of St. Peter, opposite the entrance door to the pontifical palace, and its right wing rests against the circuit walls of the Vatican gardens, the windows of the Vatican library almost touching the walls of the mint. In case of a serious fire all the precious treasures of the Vatican galleries, museum and libraries would be swept away.

Recitation of the Rosary.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 24.—A decision of the greatest importance to members of the Roman Catholic church has just been received here from the sacred congregation of indulgences. It relates to the recitation in common of the most holy rosary, and provides that when two or more persons recite the rosary together it will be sufficient that one of the number should hold in the hand a chaplet or a pair of beads, properly blessed, to enable all the other persons engaged in the devotion to secure all the indulgences annexed thereto. It is provided, however, that during the recitation the full attention of the mind and spirit of the worshipper shall be devoted thereto.

Peculiar to Itself.

So eminently successful has Hood's Sarsaparilla been that many leading citizens from all over the United States furnish testimonials of cures which seem almost miraculous. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not an accident, but the ripe fruit of industry and study. It possesses merit "peculiar to itself."

HOOD'S PILLS cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers. If you leave the ends open Write your address carefully.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of Ayer's Pills:

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever tried, and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that Ayer's Pills give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government street Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

W. J. HANNA,

Graduate U. S. College of Embalming

PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf (foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, March 17th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New Steel Screw Steamer Alameda....Thursday, March 8th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid locaton for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.

2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7 00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5 30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Every household should be supplied with a bottle of

STAMINAL.

It makes delicious Beef Tea in one minute by merely adding hot water.

It contains the virtue of Beef and Wheat and the tonic qualities of Hypophosphites.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Sold by Langley & Co.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Commissioners for the transfer of the license held by me to Frank G. Norris, for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors by retail, upon the premises known as the St. George's Inn, Esquimalt Road, Victoria, B.C.

BENJAMIN CARTER.

February 9th, 1894. 1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of my interest in the license held by Harrison and McAllister, to sell wines and liquors by retail at 67 and 69 Johnson Street, to William Harrison.

JOHN McALISTER.

Victoria, Feb'y 14th, 1894 -30d

The Board of Licensing Commissioners.

I, the undersigned William Raines, of 100 Fort Street in the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on Wednesday, the 14th day of March, next, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building to be used for hotel purposes, containing 35 rooms, which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets in the said City of Victoria.

Dated the 12th day of February A.D. 1894. fe12-30t WILLIAM RAINES.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to John Roberts of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Bay View saloon, situate at the corner of Humboldt and Government streets in the City of Victoria.

T. J. RIDEHALGH.

Feb. 1-1m

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Omineca Saloon" Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLAN

Dec. 6th, 1893. ja17-30t

NOTICE.

We hereby give notice that it is our intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to the executors of the estate of G. Bossi, deceased, of the license now held by the said G. Bossi, deceased, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Russ House, situate on Johnston Street, in the City of Victoria.

ROSA BOSSI,
CARLO BOSSI.

Executors of the estate of G. Bossi, deceased

Feb. 12-30t

Mortgage Sale.

By order of the Mortgagee.

Under the powers of sale contained in two indentures of mortgage registered Nos. 9754B and 10700B in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, W. Dufour & Co., will sell by auction at their auction rooms, 102 Douglas street, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 28th day of February, A.D. 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, a part of Sections XIV and XXIV, Victoria District, more particularly described in Charge Book, Vol. 9, Fol. 32, No. 9754B, in the Land Registry Office, Victoria and containing one acre or thereabouts.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD, 27-5t-Sat Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

Mortgagee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I, Joseph Levy, did on the 3rd day of February, 1894, under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain Bill of Sale, by way of Chattel Mortgage, duly filed in the office of the Registrar General of Titles, at Victoria, B. C., take possession of the goods, chattels, stock-in-trade, fixtures, etc., of David Hart, doing business at 110 Government Street, Victoria, B.C., and that I will under power contained in the said bill of sale sell the said goods, chattels, stock-in-trade, etc., to satisfy the moneys secured by the same.

Until further notice Mr. H. Emanuel Levy will retain possession and conduct such sale.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 7th day of February, 1894.

Witness: M. Young. JOSEPH LEVY.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

WE CLAIM

To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasses which will give comfort and case to the eyes.

To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co,

ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St.

497 Hastings St., Vancouver.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre, half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 87 Third street, Victoria.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Yamsen Street. Telephone 182, residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad-road and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Beamer, Five Sister Block. n4

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Visiting Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 432.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, S.W. corner of Five Sister Block. 2nd flat. Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Rose & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Muan, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the uniting together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 6 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. G. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja15

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. J. A. BROWN, Secretary. ja13

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Thursday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-17

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S. oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. E. G. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping promptly at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK. (LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A. fe13 s,m,tf&w 17]

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 931 Douglas Street.

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

Having purchased the stock of S. L. Kelly & Co., we are prepared to sell at lowest prices a fine line of heating stoves and ranges. Also tinware, copperware, etc. Jobbing and repairing strictly attended to. Hoping for a continuance of favors given the old firm.

Yours etc., S. B. KELLY & Co., No. 24 Yates St. fe23-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE. A Feast of Merriment.

MONDAY NIGHT, Feb. 26,

Engagement of the Charming Comedienne

Patti Rosa,

AIDED BY

JOE CAWTHORN, BERT COOTE, and a Superb Cast, and first appearance here of the Most Successful Comedy,

MISS DIXIE,

Introducing her Song Hit, "Shootin' Craps."

Seats, $1, 75c. and 50c., now on sale at Jamieson's.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. 30mdw

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 25cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-292-o11

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED as housekeeper, by a middle aged widow, capable of filling good position in gentleman's family. Address 58 North Chatham St., City fe23-1t

COOKING or any kind of housework wanted by an experienced person; best of references. Address "Margaret," Times office. fe23-2t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE by private bargain—The new Sailing Schooner "Klimeny"; 10 tons register, at present lying in the inner harbor, Victoria, B.C. Offers will be received until 28th inst., inclusive, by John C. Jameson, 34 Government St., Victoria, B.C. fe22-1d

FOR SALE—House and grounds, nicely cultivated, very cheap, also some choice lots at a bargain. James Bay. Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Govt. Street. 71-1m

TO LET.

PIANOS TO RENT—Apply at 76 Princess Ave. fe 23-2w

FIVE ROOMED HOUSE TO RENT—$8.00. 106 B. Dallas Road. fe21-3t

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior Street, James Bay. fe19

TO LET—Two rooms with use of kitchen, for man and wife. Apply betwen 6 and 8 p.m., at No. 1, Collinson Street. fe19-1w

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—House with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED TO BUY good kitchen, parlor and bedroom furniture immediately. Address F., Times office. fe22-3t

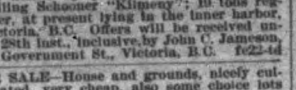
WANTED—Two dozen laying hens. Address "O." Times office. fe21-3t

LOST—Diamond Stud on Government St., finder will be suitably rewarded on returning it to New York Clothing House, 89 Government St. fe20-1w

R. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER, 72 Yates street. Oc.17

BONAPARTE POTATOES —AT— R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO., The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.



Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

Superintendent of Streets.

Applications will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, March 5th inst.; at 4 p. m., for the position of Superintendent of Streets of the City of Victoria. Salary at the rate of $100 per month. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's office, Victoria, Feb. 22, 1894.

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.

A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew R. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy Registrar General. Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. 121-3m

Natural History Society of B. C.

The N. H. S. will meet at the Provincial Museum on Monday, Feb. 26th, at 8 p.m., when Mr. Sutton will read a paper on Mineralogy. The Society's new bulletin will then be ready for distribution to members.

C. F. NEWCOMBE, M. D., Hon. Sec. fe23 -1d

I. O. O. F.

Columbia Lodge, No. 2.

Members of this Lodge are requested to meet at the hall on Monday, at 1.30 p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, George Steltz.

Sister lodges are cordially invited to attend.

2t A. B. McNEILL, N. G.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE. 133 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

An obedience to the simple laws of hygiene and the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will enable the most delicate man or sickly woman to pass in ease and safety from the icy atmosphere of February to the warm, moist days of April. It is the best of spring medicines.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week..... 25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS. When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

The Daily Times.

PLAYING AUTOCRAT.

Premier Davie has given another exhibition of his disregard for the rights and the opinions of the people. In other places the voting of supply is looked upon as a matter which requires the careful attention of the people's representatives in the legislature. The money dealt with is regarded as the people's money, and the legislators are supposed to carefully and jealously guard against its being appropriated for executive use in wrong ways. But in British Columbia the theory is altogether different. The premier and his colleagues specify the appropriations and the members of the legislature are not supposed to discuss them. They are expected to swallow the whole list of estimates blindly. Last night because the government's opponents refused to accept this doctrine and insisted on giving the estimates more than nominal consideration the premier undertook to punish them by making the house sit on until all the votes were passed. So it came that the sitting lasted till this afternoon. The government had a complacent tool in the person of Chairman Martin, whose highest ambition apparently is to be useful in furthering whatever unworthy schemes the premier may devise. Whenever he could show unfairness to the opposition and mean subservience to the autocrat he did so and stifled discussion to the best of his ability. It is rather a pity that a person of Mr. Martin's character should be able to appear in the disguise of a representative of the people. He actually represents nothing in the house but the will of the autocratic premier. There is scarcely need to point out the insolence of the government's assumption that the representatives of the electors ought to have nothing to say as to whether the estimates should be voted or not. That insolence is very much aggravated by the remembrance of the revelations that have been made during the present session in regard to the squandering of the public funds. But there is nothing unnatural about the procedure. When the government is capable of taking money out of the treasury without its being voted by the house, there is nothing surprising in its saying to the members: "Here, you swallow these estimates in block without a word of objection or they will be crammed down your throats." If the government of any other province ventured on such a display of impudent tyranny it would meet with a very prompt check. The people of British Columbia will show themselves very inert and very careless in regard to their own interests if they do not resent the assumption that their representatives are to have no say as to the manner in which their money is to be spent. There might better be no legislative assembly than one that meets simply to register the decrees of the Davie combination.

THE DELTA RAILWAY.

Some time ago when a delegation from the Mainland waited on the government to urge that the Delta, New Westminster and Eastern railway and bridge scheme should be aided, Premier Davie spoke favorably on the project and indicated that the government might comply with the request. He suggested that in the meantime the municipalities interested should formally endorse the project, so that the government's hands might be strengthened. Yesterday he was waited on again, and the delegation was able to tell him that several Mainland municipalities and Victoria had passed resolutions in its favor. As may be seen from the memorial, which is printed in another column, a strong case was presented, but in the interval the premier's attitude has changed and he now tells the delegates that the government can do nothing for the road this year. That probably means never, so far as the Davie government is concerned. The combination does not care about helping to make a new route to the Mainland.

Some time ago General Middleton in a series of articles gave a description of the battle of Batoche and set forth his own part therein as it was recorded in his memory. Lieut.-Col. Houghton and Orton wrote letters contradicting some of the general's statements. They made out that the general would have retired from Batoche on the second day if it had not been for their remonstrances, that he had in fact ordered a retreat and only countermanded the order when Dr. Orton, who was brigade surgeon, told him emphatically that he would not allow the wounded to be moved. A cable correspondent has now interviewed General Middleton, with the result:—

"In speaking of Lieutenant-Colonel Houghton's charges of cowardice and incapacity, Sir Fred said the statement was absolutely untrue from beggining to end. Regarding Dr. Orton's corroboration of Lieutenant-Colonel Houghton's accusations the general said he could state positively that Dr. Orton spoke falsely when he claimed to have had a conversation with him. Sir Fred said he had never conversed with either Houghton or Orton on any military matters. He was at a loss to know why Orton used such language, but was not surprised at any remarks made by Lieut.-Col. Houghton, whose peculiarities are known and understood by all who have been brought in contact with him."

This seems to be a case of the "countercheck quarrelsome," if not the "lie direct," and the doughty warriors on this side the water will doubtless respond as warriors are expected to. It would be prudent, though, on the part of the three gentlemen not to continue the linen-washing process very long. Perhaps if the inner history of the rebellion campaign happened to come out in full detail none of the high officers' reputations would be bettered. The general, the colonel and the brigade surgeon would do well to "let sleeping dogs lie."

The Toronto Mail has made an interesting comparison of the taxes which people in England and in France have to pay. From a careful calculation it finds that "the working classes in England and Wales, as a mass, pay only at the outside five per cent. of their incomes for Imperial and local taxes. But the probability is that the ratio does not exceed four per cent. Those who are teetotallers and do not smoke pay only a mere trifle. For this five per cent. they have free education and free school books." Turning to France, the incidence of the protective duties causes the poorer classes to pay more than five per cent. in food-taxes alone. The Mail thus concludes: "Practically through protective duties on food a poor Frenchman (not being an agriculturist) pays more taxes on his food than his similarly incomed English friend pays for all Imperial and local taxes added together. As the French taxation is far heavier per head than that of England, and there being no income tax to shift the burden—as in England—upon those who are better off, it is certain that so far as the poorer classes in France are concerned the ratio of taxation is at the least twice or three times heavier than what it is in England. So much for protection and a Republican government."

Dr. Watt tried his hand at a justification of the gratuity paid to Dr. Davie out of the provincial treasury, but we fear he has failed to put a good face on the affair. The question is, what service did Dr. Davie render for his fifteen months' salary at $200 per month? All the explanations of what took place before that period and of what may take place in the future only render more emphatic the silence with which the interval is passed over. The fact is that the irregular appointment of the premier's brother as provincial health officer and the payment to him of a substantial salary without authorization from the legislature cannot be justified. All such attempts as the premier's and Dr. Watt's only make the affair look worse, since they afford no answer to the question we have stated above.

The Premier this session wanted Mr. Keith's anti-Chinese bill thrown out because it was unconstitutional. That is not the way he talked in the session of 1891 when he opposed a similar bill. At that time he said: "Last year the house had passed the act, led away by the petition sent down by the miners and by the advocacy of the gentlemen from the Nanaimo district. Upon further consideration he found that it merely strengthened the hands of the union, and that he was not prepared to do." If the premier were quite honest and candid he would say that his objections still really lies in the fact that is hostile to the union.

Tariff Bill Almost Finished.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 24.—The tariff bill is practically completed and will be laid before the full senate committee on finance at a special meeting to be here on Monday. The senate committee has put white lead and lead ore on the free list.

A Badly Organized Strike.

New York, Feb. 24.—Four hundred steam fitters employed on buildings in course of erection on Broadway struck to-day against the employment of steam fitters' helpers. Three other trade unions that were ordered to strike with the steam fitters refused to do so.

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Langley & Co.

A PROFESSIONAL QUARREL.

Orthodox Medical Fraternity Met With a Rebuff.

London, Feb. 24.—Manufacturers of surgical-electrical appliances throughout the world may be regarded as having achieved a remarkable victory in the decision rendered to-day in the Marlborough police court, and by which the final proceedings on the charges of conspiracy against the medical battery company were dismissed. The members of this company were arrested some months ago at the instance of a number of medical men who found their business being encroached upon, and charged with conspiracy to commit fraud by retailing their various kinds of apparatus with the knowledge that they were worthless. No less than eighteen hearings took place in the case, the defendants being placed in the dock on each occasion and otherwise treated as criminals.

When the turn of the defense came scores of witnesses of position and standing, army officers, actors and actresses, and newspaper men were placed on the stand, and testified that the treatment they had received had restored them to health after they had failed to derive benefit from the services of eminent medical men, among the latter being the late Sir Morrell Mackenzie.

In the result Mr. Justice Haney concluded that no jury would convict under the circumstances, and left the matter to the government prosecutor to decide whether or not he would proceed with the case. In court to-day it was announced that the prosecution will not be followed, and accordingly the prisoners were honorably discharged.

LIFE BECAME A BURDEN.

The After Effects of La Grippe Developed Into Inflammation of the Lungs and Chronic Bronchitis—Four Years of Great Suffering.

From LeMonde, Montreal.

Mrs. Sarah Cloutier, who resides at No. 405 Montcalm street, Montreal, has passed through an experience worthy of widespread publication for the benefit it may prove to others. Up to four years ago Mrs. Cloutier's health has been good, but at that time she was attacked by that dread scourge, la grippe. Every fall since, notwithstanding her care to avoid it, she has been afflicted with inflammation of the lungs, which would bring her to the very verge of death. This was followed by bronchia for the rest of the year. Her bronchial tubes were affected to such an extent that it was with difficulty she could breathe, and a draught of outside air would make her cough in the most distressing manner. "There was," said Mrs. Cloutier to a reporter, "a constant rattling sound in my throat, and in the state I was in death would have been a relief. It was in vain that I tried the numerous remedies given me by various doctors, and when I think of all the money they have cost me I cannot but regret I ever tried them. I had read frequently of the cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I felt that they must contain the truth, for if they were unfounded none would dare to give the names and addresses of the persons said to be cured in the public manner in which those are given in the newspapers. I decided to try Pink Pills, and only those acquainted with my former condition can understand the good I derived from their use. As a proof that I am cured I may tell you that on the first occasion of my going out after my recovery I walked for two miles on an up hill road without feeling the least fatigue, and since then I have enjoyed the best of health. Last fall I was afraid the inflammation of the lungs to which I had been subject at that period in former years might return, but I had not the least symptom of it, and never felt better in my life. You can imagine the gratitude I feel for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I earnestly recommend them to all who will heed my advice.

A depraved or watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves are the fruitful sources of almost every disease that afflicts humanity, and to all sufferers Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are offered with a confidence that they are the only perfect and unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer, and where given a fair trial disease and suffering must vanish. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of 50 cents a box or $2.50 for six boxes, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and refuse trashy substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

Trade Notes.

Bradstreet's to-day says: The volume of trade shows some falling off compared with the week before, as was to be expected, owing to a holiday; aside from which there are several not unexpected unfavorable features. The recent advance in iron and steel prices, based on more active demand for these metals has been too rapid evidently, and not only the demand but the recently advanced prices have gone off, steel billets reacting from $16 to $15.50 and Bessemer pig being shaded. The recent firmness in wire and nails has disappeared, and while there is little doubt a moderate improvement will be maintained in this line of industry during the year, the beginnings are likely to be halting. The improved sales of cotton goods at eastern and western cities are accompanied with the explanation that they are due to cut in prices, an outcome of which, in New England, is in some instance the reduced wages of the operatives. Print cloths are lower and the demand for woollens is as slow as heretofore. The prices in woollen goods are shaded, which results in a slight increase in the volume distributed, while the exports of wheat (flour included as wheat), both coasts, United States and Canada, amount to only 1,730,500 bushels, compared with 2,005,000 bushels last week. There is more encouragement in our report that the available supply of wheat in the United States and Canada, afloat for and in Europe, decreased net 1,837,000 bushels last week, as contrasted with a net increase of 1,237,000 bushels the last week. Bradstreet's estimate of the probable reserves of wheat in farmers' hands on March 1, 1894 (with allowances for an under-estimate by the government in its reports of the last three wheat crops), the quantities eaten, planted and exported, being calculated on the customary basis, indicates a total so held of 129,000,000 bushels. The most encouraging feature of the week is a report from Chicago that while the store business has fallen off, the order business has increased very largely, so that the total value of transactions in staple lines is fully equal to that of one year ago. There are 235 failures reported throughout the United States, as against 228 last week and 202 in the same week a year ago, and 227 two years ago. The industrial tendencies follow the indications of the preceding week, eight resumptions of manufacturing establishments being reported since Saturday last to one shut down. Only a moderate volume of business is reported from Toronto, being practically no change from the week before. Produce is dull at Montreal, trifling gains being reported in hardware and groceries. Fifty-three failures are reported from Canada this week, against four last week, 36 in the same week a year ago, and 48 two years ago.

Gallery Notes.

The few spectators who remained in the gallery at the legislative assembly during part of the all-night session—one remained until eight o'clock this morning—were given several opportunities to enjoy a laugh. The legislators, it was evident yesterday afternoon, had made up their minds to break the record for long sessions, but no one thought it would last as long as it did, just 24 hours. During that time very few members left the hall, so before daylight this morning several were nodding, and one or two were snoring. Their hon. friends and the members of the press gallery, who were present during the long session, to a snoring concert. Neither party would give in, and although once or twice the debaters lost their temper, they were generally in good humor, and some laughable incidents were brought out.

Hon. Mr. Davie accused Mr. Kitchen of having a prompter who wrote out his speeches and taught them to him, so that he could get up in the house and repeat them. This brought to the mind of the provincial secretary the way in which he memorized and then repeated his speeches, and when the attorney-general was ridiculing Mr. Kitchen the gallant colonel got nervous and could not keep his seat.

This reminded Hon. Mr. Beaven of a little story that he had heard about a little man standing on a stump in Cowichan beside a pile of scrap books and practicing a speech on the redistribution bill. The attorney-general did not deny that he was the little man referred to, but said it did not happen in Cowichan.

Mr. Anderson made a most vigorous speech against the vote for the fifth minister. Some member suggested that Mr. Anderson had his eye on the position of minister of immigration.

Mr. Croft spent his time drawing a picture of the hon. members on the other side of the house, but as soon as Cowichan was mentioned the sketch dropped from his hand and he was as wide awake as any one.

A great deal was said last night in support of the government's action in appointing Dr. Davie as health officer, but no one volunteered the information as to why the government did not notify the legislature of the appointment during last session, which was opened some months after Dr. Davie was appointed.

The government members have fallen into a peculiar way of stopping discussion. Whenever an opposition member gets up to emphasize something that is distasteful to the government, the "hands-up" brigade commence cackling, as Mr. Beaven calls it. Last evening Mr. Beaven had to request the chairman to stop the provincial secretary from "cackling."

Sore Throat.

The best cure we know of for a sore throat is a gargle of Pain-Killer and water—it acts like magic. Big Bottle twice the quantity in the old style.

EIGHT CENTS A MILE TO NEW WESTMINSTER.

To the Editor:—I was very glad to see that a move was being made to obtain better accommodation for passengers between Victoria and New Westminster district. It is perhaps a little foolish for a woman to say anything about these things, but you see as a matter of fact we women are as much interested in a quick and easy means of travel as anyone. Those who have had to stand the torture and headache-making noises of boats taking on freight, blowing whistles, etc., when they were trying so hard to sleep will agree with me that it is an experience no one will undergo who can avoid it. Besides just count the expense a woman is put to travelling from Victoria to New Westminster: Ticket, $3; room, $2; breakfast, 50c., total, $6.25. Do you think anyone trying to promote travel between the two oldest cities in the province can do so by keeping up such ruinous expenses as these? Observe those figures I have quoted closely; over 8 cents a mile from Victoria to New Westminster. No wonder our trade with Victoria is being cut off and diverted towards Vancouver which is the object of the whole business to make everyone go to Vancouver on the way to Victoria.

MARY MYRTLE.

New Westminster, Feb. 20, 1894.

See

Our dollar trimmed felt hats. Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street.

The reputation of the maker ought to go far to recommend a trial of a new article. Our thirty years of public record as

makers of leading brands of tobaccos, is offered as a reason for your testing

MASTIFF PLUG CUT

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Don't Cough
AND IF YOU
Do Cough
USE
London Hospital Cough Cure
AND YOU
Won't Cough

Cochrane & Munn, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10 cents. 101 Douglas st. *

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Suits to order, $16; pants, $4. R. J. Matthews, 101 Douglas St.

—The Premier left Vancouver at 1:15 o'clock. She connected with the express.

—The annual reports of the city council have been printed and bound and are ready for distribution at the office of the city clerk.

—The minstrel show at Philharmonic hall last night was poorly attended. A dance lasting until midnight closed the entertainment.

—At the Albion Iron Works are being made two boilers for the collier Costa Rica. They are the largest ever built in the province.

—In the police court Fred Seefus, convicted of the theft of a quilt from the store of Mr. Vye, Government street, was sentenced to two months' hard labor.

—No remedy has ever before, in so short a time, sprung into such universal favor and demand as Atwood's cough cure, which undoubtedly has no equal. For sale by all medicine dealers. *

—The school board has two men at work on the beach cutting driftwood for use in the schools. They are paid $1.25 per cord for cutting the wood and $1.25 for hauling it to the schools.

—School Trustee Caleb Bishop is dangerously ill at his residence in Victoria West and at times in the last few days his life has been despaired of. He is suffering from pneumonia and pleurisy and passed a very bad night.

—Gold mines of great richness are being discovered daily in South Africa, but to-day a find of more value to us, is reported in the low prices and superior quality of goods sold at the Central Drug store; Clarence Block, corner of Yates and Douglas streets. Open all night. *

—Miss Hattie Mason was married to Sidney Leigh last night by the Rev. George H. Morden. J. H. Mason, Jr., and J. L. Leigh acted as best men and Misses Alice Leigh and Maude Mason as bridesmaids. A number of presents were received. The happy couple left for the Mainland on their wedding tour. They will reside in Victoria.

—The Chinese lotteries have closed. At least a person who tried to get a ticket last night so reports. The Chinaman said the police would arrest them. It is learned at the police department that no action has been taken, but watch has been kept on the celestial gaming houses. The Chinese have taken the hint and no more tickets will be sold—at least for a time.

—Tickets are selling rapidly for the charity concert to be given Tuesday next by the ladies of the Metropolitan Methodist church. There will be an interesting musical and literary programme. Madame Laird and Messrs. Aspland, Buck, Wolfe and Brown will take part. A special feature of the entertainment will be illuminated club swinging.

—At the meeting of the Sir William Wallace society last night, Mr. Tait resumed his talk on Scottish history, taking the time from Robert Bruce to the present as his subject. Those who participated in the entertainment were: Pipers Robertson, Munro, Glen and McDonald, Messrs. Muir, Anderson, Alex. Begg, H. Quentin, McLean, and Sergt. Major Anderson.

—A public entertainment will be given, under the auspices of Victory Council, No. 6, Royal Templars of Temperance, in the Methodist school room, James Bay, Tuesday evening next, when Hon. Senator McInnes will occupy the chair and deliver an address, to be followed by other addresses, readings, recitations, selections of music, vocal and instrumental, and refreshments. No fee for admission, but collection at close. All invited.

—Miss Margaret Hardie is dead at Golden. Miss Hardie is a daughter of Mrs. Henry Hardie. The young lady was one of those self-sacrificing nurses who cared for the smallpox patients during the recent epidemic. At the time of her death she was head nurse at the Golden hospital, which position she occupied since her graduation at the Jubilee hospital. Her relatives did not know she was ill; and the sad news in consequence was a great shock.

—Patti Rosa was presented in San Francisco during her engagement there with a pair of pure amber dice with a tiny diamond set in each spot—twenty-one in each cube. The gift was suggested by her song "Shootin Craps" and was made by William Chenoweth of the Auditorium of that city. The charming young commedienne will appear on Monday evening at the Victoria theatre in her new play, "Miss Dixie," surrounded by a company of clever comedians and musicians.

—Meeting of the Trades and Labor council last night. No business of importance transacted.

—A large assortment of goods at half price, by order of the assignees, at Johnston & Co., book store. *

—Frank Campbell has a supply of registration blanks for any one who cannot register during the day.

—George Eigenstetter, of Turgoos, charged with insanity, was arraigned before Magistrate Macrae in the provincial police court this afternoon. He was liberated on the evidence of Dr. Wade who pronounced him sane.

Australian Mutton.

Ask your grocer for 7 lb. tin of the Grazier brand at 75c. *

The Umatilla's Passengers.

San Francisco, Feb. 24.—Passengers by the steamship Umatilla for Victoria are: Mrs. H. D. Burette, Mrs. M. Lopateki, Mrs. R. Smith, Mrs. Brown and three children, Rena Greenfield.

Accidents Will Happen.

The daily press continually record dangers to life and limb. The lesson to the prudent is, carry a small amount of cheap accident insurance, $3000 for 24 hours for 25 cents. Morsey, Holland & Co., 44 Broad street, agents of Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company.

Victoria Master Plumbers.

At a meeting of the Master Plumbers' Association last evening the following officers were elected: President, John Braden; Vice-President, Charles Cookson; Secretary, W. H. Perry; Sergeant-at-Arms, George Watson. The following preamble was passed:

"The particular object of this association shall be to establish a closer business and social relation, mutually benefit its members by the more thorough understanding and enforcement of principles, rules and regulations for transacting the business of plumbing and sewage, in full conformity with the laws of health, by separating and distinguishing themselves from those who are deficient in mechanical and practical knowledge of the trade, and by other lawful and honorable means to protect themselves and maintain that high and honorable standing among the mechanical industries of the province, to which they are justly entitled. Therefore, we, the master plumbers of the city of Victoria, province of British Columbia, do hereby organize and establish the following constitution and by-laws for the government of our own association." This preamble was signed by the following firms: J. Braden & Son, Cookson & Plows, Perry & Turner, Watson & Geiger and Colbert & Warner. A committee appointed will report on constitution and other matters concerning contracts to-night.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Justice Walkem heard the following application in chambers this morning:

Foot vs. Mason—Mason for the defendants applied to set aside a notice of trial as irregular. Walls contra. Dismissed with costs in the cause.

McPherson vs. Jenns—Robertson for the defendant in a county court action moved to set aside a judgment signed in default of dispute note. Barnard for the plaintiff contra. Judgment set aside and action to be tried at sittings on 1st March. Costs in the cause.

Mr. Justice Drake heard the argument of counsel this morning in Beer Bros. vs. Collister and at the conclusion gave judgment in favor of the plaintiffs for $1000 and costs.

Mr. Justice Drake yesterday in the speedy trials court found Habbib Nassi guilty and sentenced him to nine months in the provincial jail. At the conclusion Mr. Barnard, for the private prosecutor, asked for an order under section 836 of the criminal code that the prisoner pay to the prosecutor $500. This is a new provision in the code and this is the first time it has come before the court here. The order was made as asked.

The divisional court, consisting of Sir Matthew Begbie, C. J., and Crease, J., delivered judgment this morning in Gabriel vs. Mesher. The appeal was from an order of Mr. Justice Drake dated 16th June last, allowing the defendant on taxation, the costs of the shorthand writer's notes and also the cost of printing the same. The present appeal came on by virtue of leave granted by the divisional court (consisting of Crease, J., and McCreight, J.,) on the 7th February notwithstanding the time for appealing had long expired. On the argument counsel for the defendant contended that the court of Feb. 7th had no power to give any leave but the court to-day said they had no authority to vary the order of another divisional court. The chief justice in a lengthy written judgment pronounces the order of June 16 ultra vires in dividing costs which the divisional court ordered to be paid by the plaintiff. The charges for the copies of the shorthand writer's notes were held improperly allowed as were also the printed appeal books. Leave to print should have first been given. The court again commented upon the amount of useless matter, such as discussions between counsel and repeated questions and answers, allowed to go in the appeal books. The first part of the order was discharged as ultra vires and the rest varied so that the cost of the printing, amounting to $439.70, is disallowed. Costs of this appeal and the former appeal to abide the event of the action. A. E. McPhillips for the plaintiff (appellant), and E. V. Bodwell for the defendant (respondent.)

The result is that the plaintiff can now have another trial on the payment of about $50, and it is likely that the action will be proceeded with at once.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

The [illegible] Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No
Used [illegible]s of Homes—40 Years the Standard

DELTA RAILWAY PROJECT.

Text of the Memorial Presented to the Government on its Behalf.

VALUE AS A THROUGH LINE LINK.

Unanimous Support of the Proposal by the Municipalities—The Government Replies That It Can Do Nothing for the Scheme This Year.

Following is the memorial presented to the government yesterday by the mainland delegation in support of the Delta, New Westminster & Eastern railway:

The Hon. Theodore Davie, Q. C., Attorney-General, Victoria:

Sir: In again pressing upon your government the claims of the Delta, Westminster & Eastern railway company, to aid in connection with the proposed construction of a combined railway and traffic bridge across the Fraser river, at the city of New Westminster, as part of the company's line of railway, subject to the conditions that the traffic portion of the bridge should be free, and that all railways desiring to use the bridge should be allowed to do so upon fair terms, to be settled, unless agreed upon, by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, we are glad to be able to point out that our position has been materially strengthened since we first waited upon you in this matter.

Since then the municipalities of Chilliwack, Sumas, Matsqui, Langley, Surrey, Delta and Burnaby have forwarded to your government through us resolutions passed unanimously by their respective councils, urging the favorable consideration of the request made by us for aid on the former occasion, and we are also supported by a resolution of the council of the city of Victoria, whilst a similar resolution, of which notice was given for the last meeting of the council of the city of Vancouver, was withdrawn only because of the absence of the mayor of that city in Victoria at the time when the meeting took place and of the presence of a quorum only of the aldermen.

But your knowledge of the situation of Vancouver, and the interview which the mayor of that city has had with you since our former interview, will enable you to judge of the accuracy of the statements then made by us as to the feeling existing there with reference to this question.

On behalf of those whom we represent, or are entitled to speak for, or who are in accord with us on the mainland, the question of the construction and maintenance of a free traffic bridge across the Fraser river at New Westminster is of the first and utmost importance, and there can be no doubt that any opposition to this company which may exist anywhere is confined to the combination of railway with traffic purposes in this undertaking, and this for local reasons only.

A journey recently made through the district of New Westminster by some members of our deputation confirms our belief that while the claims of the company to aid from the government in the existing circumstances is recognized and supported by a great majority of the residents of the lower mainland of the province generally, the feeling is practically unanimous there that the erection and maintenance of a traffic bridge by the government as a provincial work is no more than they are entitled to, and is at the present time, most urgently required in the interests of the people of the lower mainland generally.

While this is so, the making of this bridge a part of the line of some railway company not only has the advantage of securing the operation and maintenance of this bridge, without any expense to the government, but seems to the parties concerned also to enable the government to afford to the company aid to which it would appear to have strong claims, not merely in respect of its line of railway alone, but also and chiefly because of the purposes intended to be served by the company's undertaking as a whole.

We desire to state briefly what are the claims which we believe entitle our request to the favorable consideration of the government.

Referring first to the grounds common to all railway companies in this regard, the comparative cheapness of that portion of the railway (less than twenty miles) forming the first section to be built, because of length and cost of construction as compared with the lines of railway already guaranteed by the government, and the fact that the proposed railway would supply an existing local want, inasmuch as in the other cases, being designed to create a traffic, seem to entitle this company to at least the same measure of aid as that given to the other companies.

When no guarantee has been given to any railway upon the lower mainland, although railways in the upper country and on the island have been thus assisted, while it is only on the lower mainland, of all places within the province, that a railway has been built without any government aid whatever, the city of New Westminster having secured the construction and operation of the branch of the Great Northern built from the proposed site of this bridge to the boundary line.

But it is conceived that this company has much stronger claims upon the government for aid, and that to a greater extent, than any other company which has been aided: (1) Because of the securing of speedy communication between the island and the mainland. The government buildings in course of construction were recognized as necessary to permanently secure the existing relations of Victoria and the island to the other parts of the province, and prevent agitation which can only, or may at least probably, from one point of view, result in the dismemberment of the province. The present undertaking, by practically anchoring the island close to the mainland, will, it is perhaps not too much to say, have at least an equal effect in the desired direction by making each place easy of access from the other, thus removing the sectional feeling which has done so much in its results to stir up discord in the province and materially injure it abroad. (2)—Because as regards the traffic portion of the bridge it is really a work of provincial character. There is no traffic bridge over the Fraser on the lower mainland, and the absence of roads and bridges on the north side of the river leaves the trunk and other roads on the south side the only available highway to the coast, only needing the bridge to be complete. (3) The proposed undertaking would provide for the maintenance of the bridge, excepting only the planking for the traffic portions, which would be kept in repair by the municipalities interested. (4) The government is already committed to a guarantee in respect of the Sidney branch, which entails an expenditure of $6,000 a year, without any definite prospect of ceasing, unless by the construction of the line to New Westminster. (5) The government has also granted $15,000 a year to New Westminster for seven years in aid of the bridge, which sum would be no longer necessary if the aid requested be given.

It is confidently anticipated, and we think that in view of the nature of the proposed undertaking of the company, in the existing circumstances, it can easily be seen that there is good reason to expect that the company would be able to pay a fair dividend from the completion of the first section of its railway and the bridge, and to believe that nothing but the present extraordinary financial depression could make it necessary to ask for a guarantee by the government of the company's bonds, which in good times might be expected to be salable without it, though of course not upon equally favorable terms. But the proposed undertaking differs from others mentioned by affording in itself special security against loss by reason of the proposed guarantee altogether apart from the ordinary revenues of the company.

Firstly, by tolls upon railways using the bridge. Since our last interview, Mr. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway company, has telegraphed to the mayor of New Westminster that his company would not only use the bridge, but would exchange traffic with this company. Secondly, if necessary, the government could impose tolls upon the traffic over the bridge. The operation of the ferry by the city of New Westminster enables us to say that ten thousand dollars is a fair estimate of revenue which could be derived from this source, and this would naturally steadily increase each year.

The extreme limit for the amount to be guaranteed as asked is $750,000, interest upon which at four per cent. per annum is $30,000, which for the next seven years would certainly be covered, if the necessity should arise, by the yearly payment already granted of $15,000, and the railway and traffic tolls, apart from any ordinary revenue from the railway, and at the end of that time the ordinary revenue, combined with the tolls upon traffic, if necessary, may be counted upon as sufficient to protect the government against loss.

If any doubt upon this point should exist, we earnestly press upon the government that in view of the comparatively small amount required to be guaranteed, as against the amounts guaranteed for the other railways referred to, and the more favorable conditions under which this company undertakes its works the people of the lower mainland would not be unduly favored by affording them similar aid to that given elsewhere, and that, for the reasons suggested, this company is believed to be entitled to more aid than could justly be expected by it apart from the consideration of the general and provincial as well as special grounds which we have mentioned.

Although the undertaking in its present form has only recently been brought to the attention of the government, the different portions of it, and the purposes which will be achieved by it, have been prominently before the house and the country for years. The securing of more speedy communication between the island and the mainland has been freely and publicly discussed, and has been the object, or one of the objects, of undertakings for which some charters have been obtained, and more have been attempted; and the necessity for providing for the crossing of the Fraser by means at first of the existing ferry, which has proved inadequate, and then by a bridge under the proposed agreement with another company, under the act of last session, was of course forcibly urged upon the government and the house.

We would therefore most earnestly urge upon your government that an undertaking recommended to favorable consideration as this is, having for its objects results so much to be desired from a provincial as well as a local standpoint being supported by so many special claims, and in the peculiar existing circumstances so well secured against loss under guarantee, is entitled to favorable consideration of the request of a guarantee of the interest and principal of the bonds of the company to an amount not exceeding the actual and necessary cost of the first section of the railway and the bridge, as certified to by an engineer to be appointed by the government, but in no case beyond $750,000, the bonds to bear interest at four per cent. per annum; and to favorable consideration in the future as regards the remainder of the proposed railway.

On behalf of the deputation,

H. HOY,
Mayor of New Westminster, B.C.

Dated at Victoria this 23rd day of February, A. D. 1894.

Premier Davie's statement to the delegation was in effect that the government could do nothing for the railway and bridge scheme this year. It might be favorably considered in the future.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Bros & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tu&w

This is a food you can depend on

Johnston's Fluid Beef

You can [illegible] much nourishment in as small a compass as in any other [illegible]

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

A-DOZEN-BABIES
For $4.
Cabinet Size and Best Finish at
SKENE LOWE'S,
Government Street.

EASTERN POULTRY
At the New CITY MARKET

Fresh arrival of TURKEYS, CEESE and CHICKENS, from Smith's Falls, Ont.
Also Grain Fed MUTTON, from Prince Edward Island.

The above is all in first class order and will be sold at the following prices retail:—Turkeys, 18c. per lb; Geese, 16c. per lb.; Chickens, 12½c., Mutton, fore quarters, 8c. per lb.; Mutton, hind quarters, 11c. per lb.

Housekeepers and caterers are respectfully asked to take advantage of these low prices.

WM. BEECH, New City Market.

Place a Cake
OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactur

Argyle House

Just Received
The following

SPECIAL BARGAINS

20 Yds. White Calico for $1.00.

12 Yds. Good Gingham for $1.00.

Very Wide Flanelette, worth 15c. a yard, for 12 1-2 cts.

Fancy Flanelettes, worth 16 1-2c. for 12 1-2 cts.

A Very Nice Line of Diagonal Dress Goods, in Plain Colors, worth 50c. a yd., for 35c.

Remnants of Embroideries, Laces, Tickings, Calicoes, Toweling, Linens, Dress Goods, &c., &c.

VERY CHEAP

J. Horner & Co.

$10 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons injuring or destroying the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. 324

YOU Always Pay

For what you get. But do you always

Get What You Pay For?

YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you get inferior goods at regular prices.

YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you pay for a quality you don't receive.

YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you pay an extravagant price.

YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you help to sell an exorbitant profit.

Whose fault is it if you don't get what you pay for?

It's Your Own Fault,

BECAUSE you can always get your money back to the last cent by trading with us.

BECAUSE we guarantee the best for the money.

BECAUSE we guarantee the most for the money.

BECAUSE we guarantee the very lowest prices.

Every one of these facts goes to show that you ought to

Trade With Cameron.

REMEMBER you can get a square deal for a round dollar.

REMEMBER that you can get a high grade for a low figure.

REMEMBER that you pay for what you get and get what you pay for at.

Cameron's
Cash Clothing Store,
55 Johnson Street.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER
DANUBE
Meyer Master
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,
—FOR—
Fort Simpson and Way Ports
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27th,
At 7 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.

The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING,
fe19 Manager.

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.

Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

THE STIPPLES FAMILY IN VENICE.

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

When Stillwater Stipples, Esq., with the aid of his lively servant, Dennis McCann, had rescued his luggage from the lusty porters, boat-hookers and rival gondoliers at the railway terminus, in Venice, and saw this luggage with his family—comprising his faithful wife, his son, Master Burr Weighton Stipples, destined for the ministry without consultation with the latter, his two daughters, Venetia and Olive and their maid, Rose—safely within the huge omnibus gondola which was to convey them to their lodgings, midway between the Rialto and St. Mark's on the Grand Canal, he sat down beside his wife, who had a limp way of closing her eyes and opening her viniagrette in the face of unusual incidents of travel, as sternly mute as a parlor clock.

"My dream is at last realized!" sighed Venetia Stipples, crossing her hands and rolling her eyes in sentimental exaltation.

"Oh, bother your dream!" replied Olive Stipples, with a mingled snort and giggle. "My! Those gondoliers' toes spread just like andiron claws. Sis, just look! One's making eyes at you, as sure's I'm alive!"

"The warm blood of the East!" murmured Venetia. "Don't mind it, Olive dear. Think of the rapture of this balmy air, this Zephyrus breeze, these hyaline waters, this tender, melting sky, these storied associations. To think that I am at last in Venice—Bride of the Sea! Oh, I just can't find words for utterance!"

"Don't try;" said Olive with another spiteful little giggle, cut short by the lurching of the gondola, terminating her laughter in a pretty "Ouch!" while Master Burr Weighton Stipples glowered as though no hap or scene should be permited to take his luminous intellect unawares; Mr. Stipples groaned softly and pressed the viniagrette more closely to her reddened nose; Mr. Stipples compressed his lips more tightly; Rose gave a timid little start and looked appealingly at Dennis; and Dennis McCann, ever ready for war upon the male Italian of any age or station, half rising and introducing his pugnacious intentions with, "By th' five Crasses!" began sundy violent head-jerkings at the grinning gondoliers, which would have been followed by more than menace had not Mr. Stipples at that moment roared out,

"McCann!—set down!"

"I set, sor," returned Dennis nimbly but hotly, "but if I had thim two dagos on land, fur th' wink o' me eye, sor, I'd tache them a chune not Vaynashun, aythur!"

"Oh, Lord, yes; so you would. Behave yourself, or I'll discharge you this minute!"

"Divil a hap'orth I'd be carin' thin, notice an' wages an' all, if I had it fair out wid th' shamers they are. Hoo! ye molasses-skinned haythen!"

"Mirandy, Mirandy!" groaned Mr. Stipples to his apparently somnolent wife, "that fellow'll git us all in some infernal dungeon yit. At Bolony, he assaed the church-keeper and got yanked in. Twenty-five dollars for that scrape. At Parry the gensdarmy didn's suit him. At Gibraltar the sunset salute shot all the clothes offen him—forty dollars more there. All 'long the Riveery it was row and rumpus and racket and buyin' him out the clutches of one-hoss guv'ments; and here we are, not fairly inside these pesky Vennus ditches, another row on, and all of us likely to git stabbed with stilletters or slit with daggers afore we kin git under shelter. If this is doin' Urup with a vally, then Dennis McCann's doin' the doin', and Stillwater Stipple's doin' the vally. Fudge on Urup, enyhow! Wish we was to hum!"

"Oh, Stillwater," plaintively returned poor little Mrs. Stipples, do remember we're finishing Burr and the girls!"

"Finishin'? I should think so. They're finishin' us Mirandy. I didn't need any finishin' to make my money. You didn't need any finishin' to get your goodness. Rose didn't need any finishin' to tend to her work. Dennis didn' need any finishin' to drive my best coal-waggon on the East Side, New York City. Vene got too much finishin' at Vassar. And that boy of ours ought to be shovelin' coal 'stead of studyin' for the ministry."

"Don't, Stillwater; don't."

"That there Olive of ours and me and you, Mirandy, and Rose, and she's Irish, are the only out and out, up and up, all round Americans in the hull lot!"

"Oh, Stillwater! Do think of New York society!"

"I am thinkin' of it," he retorted, giving the gondola fondo a vicious jab with his heels, "and I hate it, bag and baggage. No comfort in it. Lord! I'd give half I'm worth to never see it; and if this high art moonin'," here Mr. Stipples stole a furtive glance at Venetia, lost in her gentle raptures and raphsodies, "and these theology cantrips," here he scowled at Master Burr Weighton Stipples, who sat clutching his Kodak and moddily lunching off his cane "and this coal-cart vally business don't let us pretty soon, I'll—I'll put Venetia in a nunnery, Burr in a asylum, pitch Dennis McCann into a Vennus ditch, and start for hum—By thunder, if I don't!"

It was with such mingled and diverse emotions that the Stipples family and their attendants glided with the yellow rays of the afternoon Italian sun along the Canal, coming at last to one of those decaying palaces whose sepulchral interiors, separted into damp and mournful apartments, are leased at fabulous prices to adventurous, while their decaying noblemen owners are struggling with the problems of Italian taxation, cocoons and sour wine between the great Venetian plain and the misty Alps beyond.

An imposing house it had been in its day, with huge columns, wondrously carved spandrels and volutes, with balconies filmy as lace but now like dirty flecks of foam across its dingy facade; with massive crumbling stairs leading from the water edge to the shadowy entrances, forest like in multifoils of dingy marble and handwrought iron and brass, in ancient torch holders of bellying cupids, strange screens with emaciated satyrs and much other dead-age demonology peering from bronze and brass and stone.

But there was a true Venetian welcome awaiting them at Casa Patrice. A half dozen ancient gransieri, those "crab-catchers" of Venice who scent one's coming from afar and, boat hooks in hand, wait with extended palms and hideous smiles to draw your craft to the traghetto or gondola landing, and fight like beasts for the coppers you fling to them, were beckoning and grimacing on the stairs. A score of poverini or Godfer-sakens, of all ages and conditions, ducked their heads and grinned and muttered blessings as the gondola approached. Twice their number of half-naked, big eyed, curly headed children grinned in the chinks between. Even the broken-nosed gargoyles of the entrata leered and grinned behind; and in the center of though apart from all stood strapping Elena the serving-woman and chattel to the Stipples family's Venetian loggia, bowing and backing and pretending to scout the lazzaroni, she had congregated as a test of her new parou's or master's liberality, away, and grinning her interested welcome, while showing the most flashing set of teeth that were ever polished on brittle Chioggian bread.

"What a glorious relic of a once glorious past!" gasped Venetia, as she sprang with Dennis' assistance to the palace landing.

"Whi s does she mane—these sassfras thramps or th' Tombs we're in for?" muttered Dennis under his breath with a sly wink at Rose.

"Don't go on so, Vene!" sputtered Olive, giving the swarthy ragamuffins back their grins and giggles, while pinching one little urchin's pink ear and telling him to go home to his mommy and get some new panties, there's a dear.

Rose bounded lightly out of the craft, her blue eyes timidly searching the faces of the strange throng as if for friendly look, and then began heroically upon the lighter luggage.

"Come, mother," said Mr. Stipples tenderly enough. "Here we are. Casey Patrissy, you know. Just give me the vinegar bottle a minute, and cheer up, do, till we git outen this pesty gondolier;" with which the really kind hearted but sadly travel badgered New York coal dealer lifted his limp little wife to the traghetto, set her upon her feet, whereupon her eyes and lips opened with a chirpy "Oh, Stillwater!" while Master Stipples, still adhesive to his cane and Kodak, raised his eyes solemnly, plumped the cane out of his mouth long enough to murmur, "Wonderful! wonderful!" plumped it in again, and in a funeral procession of one strode silently after his mother and sisters; leaving Rose and Mr. Stipples, ably superintended as usual by Dennis, in the intervals of threatened sallys upon the onlookers, to pay the gondoliers their hire, fling a little coin to the rabble, and at last get the luggage stowed within the gloomy entrata.

Then Stillwater Stipples, with sharper injunctions to Dennis than he had ever before given, lumbered up the slimy marble stairs, wondering in his simple, sturdy heart what honest folk even left good homes to be bullied and discomfited in Europe for, and thoroughly determined, as he put it to his good wife whom he found deserted by the children and seated patiently with closed eyes and open vinlagrette upon a bronze griffin in the balcony entrance of a cheerless apartment above, "to straighten things right out."

Dennis McCann, after various onslaughts upon the Venetian populace below, had the luggage and the entrata all to himself. While getting the former to the loggia above, his eye fell on the huge brass doorplate, Casa Patrice, and it worried him.

"Thim Caseys wor always thramps, thin," he would mutter, eying the plate askance. Then he would shoulder another trunk or portmateau, ascend with it to the loggia, whistle softly and ruminatively, walk gingerly back and forth in front of the entrata plate, and stop before it with, "Casey Patrick? Patrick Casey?—Pat Casey?"

Another piece or two of the luggage would disappear with Dennis. He would return, peep outside again, mutter "Pat Casey, is it?" return to his labor, and finally when done, he planted himself squarely in front of the obnoxious name and metal, and burst forth with, "Tear an' ages, that me eyes ever opened on the like o' that!" Here he cuffed the plate soundly with his hat. "Pat Casey, is it, thin? Swate bad luck to th' shamer o' th' auld sod, that 'll hide his name wid Vaynayshun disguises! May the howly innocents—"

"Dennis, Dennis, dear; what's ailin' ye?" whimpered Rose, suddenly appearing beside him. "Don't be a gow, Dennis, with th' whole family goin' mad with this an' with that, an' trouble brewin' for you, Dennis, dear upstairs. Dennis, oh Dennis!" sobbed Rose, "th' auld man's done with ye, Dennis. You're to be discharged! Och, avec! what'll I do all alone with 'em, mad an' stormin' like Kerry bailiffs, here in this Vayna bog!"

"Discharged is it? By th' siven sinses, I'll not lave ye, cuillish machree! I'll go, but I'll stay. I'll—"

But here a stentorian voice from the dim upper regions of the palace summoned Rose, who with a tender, cautionary, "Have an eye out, thin Dennis, dear!" scampered up the stairs; while Dennis McCann, somewhat crestfallen, but with a parting kick at the Casey family's Latinized doorplate, meekly tiptoed after her.

He found the Stipples family at luncheon, a cheery little luncheon of bread and fruit, and wine, and savory stewed meats, which the discreet Elena had provided with daintiest skill, but the cruning eye of Dennis McCann detected the gathering storm in Mr. Stipples' red and angry face. The Stipples family were munching their food in silence.

Suddenly Mr. Stipples pushed back his chair. Three pairs of eyes opened very wide and one pair closed, while its owner's hand sought the viniagrette.

"See here, folks!" Mr. Stipples never said "folks" to his family, unless his intentions were imminent and decisive. "See here, folks!" repeated Mr. Stipples hotly, "things has gone on long enough. I'm goin' to straighten 'em out; right now; here; this minute."

"You, Venetia Stipples," Mr. Stipples gave a gasp and a little start, folded her hands like the martyrs in the pictures and then closed her eyes like her mother. "You, Venetia Stipples, have got to quit your goin's on about art and all that, right straight. I'm tired on it; sick on it. Go it like a lunatic when you are alone by yourself, if you want to; but let right up where mother 'n' me be. We want peace. We're agoin' to have it. We're goin' to begin to have it right here, in Vennus, too!"

"Stillwater—please?" whimpered Mrs. Stipples, as a solitary little tear trickled from Venetia's nose, while her own disengaged hand almost pathetically crept over Mr. Stipples' clenched and trembling fist.

"Don't 'please' me, Mirandy. Things has got to straighten right out. And you, you young jackanapes," said Mr. Stipples, glaring at Burr Weighton Stipples, who would have strangled on an orange from the shock but for Olive's timely hand-clapping in the back of his elongated neck, "you that's been pompered in college, year in and year out, when your betters was workin' like niggers, so you could shine in the ministry—Fudge, sir! I've hearn more folderol 'bout Paul and th' 'Postles, and ology this, and ology that, and missions and boards and 'calls', and sneerin' about what you'd do with the Pope, if you had your way, and other cantankerous jabs at what other folks' hearts is set on, since bringin' you along, than I'll ever let enuybody stuff me with agin as long as I live!"

Mr. Stipples in the excess of his indignation here arose. He stuck a whirling blow with one huge fist into the other huge palm, which turned him around with a whizz, as Olive giggled under her napkin, and sat down in his own chair with a plump; all without once letting go of his eloquent subject.

"You've been bullyragging me and comin' it over your poor mother and lordin' it over the gals ever since the minister itch struck the Stipples family."

"Persecution is the life of the saints," ventured his hopeful son, with an owlish rolling of his eyes and a groan of filial forgiveness.

"Don't you cant me, sir; not a cant. Don't you quote Scripter on me sir; not a quote. Git sense, sir. Git manhood, sir. Git charity, sir. Every minister I've ever known of God in his heart, 'll bear me out that them's the rock bottom things to git. If you can't git 'em, quit. If you won't git 'em, I'll turn down one minister, and his name won't be Reverend Burr Weighton Stipples, neither. Straighten out now, or when you git back hum you'll weigh coal!"

Stillwater Stipples' grammar failed him slightly in moments of emotion; but his words ever bore the impress of genuine lucidity and force. His family had never known such an outburst before. Even the saucy Olive, whose giggles had gradually subsided, sat opposite him with her pouting lips puckered in a round, pretty O of unfeigned astonishment.

"You'll be excused now, said Mr. Stipples to his children, after an embarrassing pause.

The three left the table and the room, and Dennis attempted to follow them after officiously showing them out.

"Come here, McCann?" Dennis at once smiled back, his trepidation revealing itself in his shaking legs.

"Git something to eat," blurted Mr. Stipples.

"Where, sor?"

"Right here." Mr. Stipples made a place at his own table, and piling a plate with food, said curtly, "Sit down!" Dennis sat down. "Take hold!" Dennis took hold.

"See here, Dennis McCann, I'm straightening things out."

"That's right, sor."

"Right here in Vennus."

"It's a fine town, I'm told, sor."

"You're the best driver I had."

"All o' that, sor."

"You could hold a street car line longer, nip another man's cart wheel neater, and git more bushels outen a ton of coal than any other man in my yard."

"Barrin' yourself, sor; thank ye, sor."

"And when we was gittin' ready for this trip you told me you'd learned Italyun enought to handle Urup, deliverin' coal down in Mulbery Bend?"

"Try me on, sor."

"That's what I've been a doin', Dennes. And you said you'd been vally to Lord Shannon, in Ireland, and was just the boy to show me the ropes, where the girls couldn't, Dennis?"

Dennis McCann's food was beginning to stick in his throat a little, but he bravely answered, "All o' that, sor."

"Well, Dennis McCann, you're a great driver, but you're no Italyun. You're a fine liar, but you're no vally!"

The food before him had now lost all its savor to Dennis. As full of the exquisite essence of blarney as he might be, he had a genuine Irishman's genuine affection for the sturdy master he had so long served. And then—for he saw what was coming as soon as Mr. Stipples dove into his pocket and produced a great handful of sovereigns—the prospect of leaving blue-eyed Rose was well-nigh breaking the poor fellow's heart. He made a final venture with:

"Don't ye mind th' lashins of sad scrapes I've got ye out of on this trip, Mr. Stipples, sor?"

Mr. Stipples wrote crampedly and slowly on one of his business cards while replying. "Yes—the outside of them, Dennis. You was generally inside of them, though! Dennis," he continued, severely, "I'm straightenin' things out. Clean out, Dennis. I'm goin' outen the Italyun and vally business. Here's sixty sov'rins—three hundred dollars; and here's a card to the yard boss. You'll git your wagon back, if you want it. I'll say goodbye to you right now, Dennis!"

It was a kindly thing in them both that Mr. Stipples reached out his hand and that Dennis grasped it affectionately and wrung it heartily. With a pass or two at his eyes Dennis left the room, but not the Casa Patrice at once; for Olive Stipples, giggling, snorting, compassionating, stamping her little feet spitefully, and making all manner of melodramatic movements of a rebellious nature, with Rose white-faced and trembling behind her, had throughout the latter part of the parental storm been listening furtively at the apartment door.

Mrs. Stipples sat throughout the entire "straightening out" process with open viniagrette and tightly closed eyes. But she now meekly arose as her husband scrambled to his feet and stretched himself, as though he had got a hard job well off his hands at last. He drew her to the balcony with the attentiveness of a young lover; placed two low chairs together with—for once—docility to one and sat down beside her on the other. Then he lit a cigar and puffed at it thoughfully for a while.

They could both look down the long lane of light and of shadow, of weird, undulating, stately facades, wondrously dappled in white and gray and with puce and purple and orange where the wizard sunlight fell; with the blue, blue sky above, the liquid lava-like waters beneath; and could hear the stroke of the oar, the sibillant greetings of passing gondoliers and the half hushed voices from the gardens, the campos and the shadowy landings below. Beneficent indeed was all the witching spell; for Mr. Stillwater Stipples then and there put his arm quite around his little wife, vinlagrette and all, and spoke to her more tenderly, if less loquaciously, that countless lovers on that very balcony had crooned and lisped before.

"Mirandy, its kinder soothin' t' git things straightened out 'casionally, ain't it, Mirandy, dear?"

And Mrs. Stipples nestled closer to his hard and hardy side and answered him tenderly back again with,

"Stillwater Stipples, you're one in a thousand, as I've always claimed and held!"

Mr. Stillwater Stipples, being a man of affairs, having disposed of a matter never gave it the second thought; and his entire mental and physical forces were therefore always ready unshaled for sterner use, for enjoyment or for rest. Having also laid down the lines on which the Stipples family should now move forward in Venice, he gave it, in its divisible part and concrete, none of that nagging sort of concern often common to heads of families, and troubled himself about nothing weightier than the payment of his weighty bills. In other words, the Stipples family gave themselves up to hearty enjoyment, apportioned nicely to each separate Stipples intellect and inclination.

Master Burr Weighton Stipples' mournful enjoyment largely consisted in a scowling and ingressive silence in the presence of his family, to whose occasional hilarity he deigned no intrusion of gesture or speech; in morbid contemplations of the dread phantasmi and pozzi of the Venetian Inquisition, which he would pace by the hour, requesting each separate cell to provide him with additional celestial fire with which to burn the thankless oil of his future calling; in poring over the Petrarch manuscripts in the library in the great hall of the Grand Council of the Doges, which he could no more decipher than could Stillwater Stipples; or in standing on St. Mark's campanile and announcing in tones loud enough to still the fluttering doves around him: "Here I stand where once Galileo stood!" But these were not altogether vicious occupations. They employed the young man's time fully. And they gave the vensty, college-befuddled gray matter of one member of the Stipples family in Venice a certain grade of activity far better than none at all.

Miss Venetia Stipples—Venetia, she had rechristened herself long ago within the dim cloisters of Vassar—was for a time as a crushed lily, clutched and swirled by the pitiless eddies of a spring-time freshet of Unappreciative Ignorance. To be deprived the tyranny of raving about Art and Medievalism and Mold to enchained sufferers around one, robs dilettanteism of its supremest zest. Bitter, if tiny and trickling and few, were the tears she shed, as with guide book in one hand, "Ruskin's Stones of Venice" in another, and a delicate lace handkerchief between, she sat before her shrines, bathing her rapt soul in Venetian shafts of Byzantine light. In time she regained her spirits; for there is a martyr like exaltation which may come to all esthetic spirits from self-consciousness of silent communion with the gods, transcending far those thrills of triumph from the temporary badgering of mankind with the bulls and bans of books. So, to Venetia Stipples, the crumbling fountains whispered their secrets; every defaced gargoyle, satyr or faun leered pagan lore; the dazzling mosaics of St. Mark's had to her a more precious setting than their own beaten ground of gold; while the color flamings of Paul Veronese, the gorgeous composites of Tintoretto, or the stupendous canvases and frescoes of Titian were her panting fancy's mounting wings to her own Venetian heaven:

Olive Stipples—common, coarse, barbarian, hoyden, gurgling, giggling, sunshine-bringing Olive Stipples!—setting all Venetian precedent at sacrilegious de-

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Langley & Co.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, SOAP MAKERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

If you wish your Linen to be White as Snow, Sunlight Soap will do it.

Why, Because SUNLIGHT SOAP is perfectly pure, and contains no Injurious Chemicals to injure either your clothes or your hands. Greatest care is exercised in its manufacture, and its quality is so appreciated by the public that it has the Largest Sale of any Soap in the World.

How Can you test this? If you have never tried SUNLIGHT SOAP, ask those who use it what they think of it, then try it for yourself. The result will please you, and your clothes will be washed in far less time, with Less Labour, Greater Comfort, and will be whiter than they have ever been before, when you used ordinary soap.

Is That not the best way to decide the matter? First by enquiring what the experience is of those who already use it, and secondly, by a fair trial yourself. You are not committed in any way to use the soap; all we ask is: Don't Delay, try it the next washing day.

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA: BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, VICTORIA B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.
	Ar.	Ar.	
VICTORIA	8 30 P M	8 30 A M	0
ESQUIMALT	8 41	8 41	5
ROYAL ROADS	8 51	8 51	10
COLWOOD	8 56	8 56	12
HUMPTULIPS	9 01	9 01	15
GOLDSTREAM	9 06	9 06	17
ESQUIMALT	9 11	9 11	20
SOOKE ROAD	9 16	9 16	22
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	9 21	9 21	25
COBBLE HILL	9 26	9 26	28
KOKSILAH	9 31	9 31	30
DUNCANS	9 36	9 36	33
SOMENOS	9 41	9 41	36
CHEMAINUS	9 46	9 46	38
LADYSMITH	9 51	9 51	41
NORTHFIELD	9 56	9 56	44
NANAIMO	10 05	10 05	46

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.
	Dep.	Dep.	
NANAIMO	1300 P M	1300 P M	0
NORTHFIELD	1304	1304	2
LADYSMITH	1309	1309	5
CHEMAINUS	1314	1314	8
SOMENOS	1319	1319	10
DUNCANS	1324	1324	13
KOKSILAH	1329	1329	16
COBBLE HILL	1334	1334	18
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	1339	1339	21
SOOKE ROAD	1344	1344	24
ESQUIMALT	1349	1349	26
HUMPTULIPS	1354	1354	29
GOLDSTREAM	1359	1359	32
COLWOOD	1404	1404	34
ROYAL ROADS	1409	1409	37
ESQUIMALT	1414	1414	42
VICTORIA	1425	1425	47

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good, for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

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Umatilla - - - Feb. 27

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THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Steamship Co'y.

In connection with

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

The Shortest Route to

JAPAN and CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers

1893-1894.

(Subject to alteration.)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria

Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria.

GENERAL STEAMSHIP AGENCY

Through Tickets to and from all European Points

SAILINGS

From New York to Southampton.

American Line	Paris	Feb. 21
"	Berlin	Feb. 28
"	New York	Mch. 7
"	Chester	Mch. 10
"	Berlin	Mch. 21
"	New York	Mch. 28

From New York to Liverpool.

Cunard Line	Servia	Feb. 17
"	Etruria	Feb. 24
"	Aurania	Mch. 3
"	Campania	Mch. 10
"	Umbria	Mch. 17
"	Lucania	Mch. 24
White Star Line	Majestic	Feb. 21
"	Germanic	Feb. 28
"	Teutonic	Mch. 7

From Boston to Liverpool.

Beaver Line	Lake Ontario	Feb. 14
"	Lake Superior	Feb. 28

From Halifax to Liverpool.

Allan Line	Laurentian	Feb. 17
"	Numidian	Mch. 3
"	Mongolian	Mch. 17
"	Laurentian	Mch. 31
"	Parisian	Apr. 14
Dominion Line	Numidian	Apr. 28
"	Oregon	Feb. 24
"	Labrador	Mch. 10
"	Vancouver	Mch. 24
"	Oregon	Apr. 7
"	Labrador	Apr. 21

From Baltimore.

North Ger. Lloyd	Weimar	Feb. 24
"	Dresden	Mch. 3
"	Munchen	Mch. 14

From New York to Bremen.

VIA SOUTHAMPTON.

North Ger. Lloyd	Lahn	Feb. 20
"	Aller	Feb. 27
"	Ems	Mch. 6
"	Saale	Mch. 9
"	Elbe	Mch. 16

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth.

Second cabin, $30.00 to $40.00.

Steerage, $23.00 to $25.00.

Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10.00 on each fare.

Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here.

For sailings list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria, Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

QUICK TIME!!!

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—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports for freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria	Tuesday	7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox	Wednesday	7 a.m.
" Returning same day.		
" Comox for Nanaimo	Friday	7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria	Saturday	7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking roms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Port Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. RATTRAY, General Agent, No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

fiance, the loggia in disorder, the gondoliers at war, the lazzaroni in laughter, the kitchen in a whirlwind and grinning Elena into housekeeping paroxysms of impotence and delight, never, never, had so jolly a time in all her merry life.

It began the very day, indeed the very hour, when Stillwater Stipples had finished "straightening things out," and Dennis McCann, laying aside his robes of imperial guidance of the Stipples family, had been rushed by Olive and Rose to the shadowy kitchen depths, and there "Poor Dennised!" and "Dear Dennised!" until hilariously proud of his fallen state.

It began, too, with conspiracy; conspiracy as deft and deep against the dozing Mr. Stipples in the balcony above as was ever hatched in Venice against a dozing Doge; a conspiracy inclusive of brazen bribery, of ridiculous protests, of petrified ejaculation, of peals of laughter, of chattering gondoliers, of the easily purchased conscience of Elena; drawing to its subtle folds the poverini from out the campos, urchins from the traghetti, pawnbrokers' agents from the Rialto, cunning boat-makers from the Squeri of San Rovaso, old women with stains like henna paste; until the kitchen of Casa Patrice swarmed with going and coming conspirators, each entering with tremendous gravity; all leaving as though filled with the side-shaking elixir of mirth; and Olive Stipples, arch conspirator and queen of misrule, superintending its minutest detail and becoming so filled with its ecstatic importance, that she now never left off giggling and gurgling by day and hardly by night.

So grave was its nature that Stillwater Stipples began to feel its secret hand. It set him to quarreling with the gondoliers. It haunted him with their half threatening appeals for increased hire and added gratuities. It stopped his gondola, silent in the stream, at exasperating moments of haste. It embroiled gondoliers in quarrels over his own and his good wife's head. It pitched the voice of his boatmen to unearthly key in endless and irritating songs. It took him to wrong landings. It provoked collisions. It bespattered him with brine, and befouled with vegetables and bark and fish and lime. It finally nearly upset him at his own traghetto, when his patience ceased entirely and removing his coat, he invited the "hull infernal crew of Vennus gondoliers" to that precise spot to get "licked," instead of which they floated tauntingly and grimmacingly away; whereupon blue-eyed Rose, big-eyed Elena and laughing-eyed Olive soothingly lured him to the restful balcony, and there told him of a gondolier they had found; a gentle, careful, kindly gondolier; one who could read and hear the English tongue, but who, more wonderful and blessed than all else to the exhausted Mr. Stipples and his patient wife—was dumb!

And with such a strange resemblance to Dennis, too; so stalwart, agile, fine; more curious than all, his name was Denio, and La Rosa, his fairy, feathery, Venetian craft.

So Denio and La Rosa came to their new baron with the morn; the one grave-faced and mute, with as black curly beard and hair, blue eyes and glistening teeth, as ever graced a Galway poacher's head; with brown, bare arms and neck and chest and feet; with the red cap and sash of the Castellani race; the other, with prow and ferri shining like burnished silver; with the prettiest and snuggest felze in Venice, bright with gay-colored awnings, soft cushions and gleamings of brass; and with a second gondolier, as helper to the brawny Denio, picturesque as the latter, but given to startling facial changes, as he gazed upon the Stipples family, which played over his swarthy countenance every mask of fleet expression from fearful fright to bubbling, explosive mirth.

Then came the perfect days; days on the shadowy canals, when every face was turned upon the Stipples family with smiles as its gondola passed. Mornings, too, of delight among the market boats from the Islands and the mainland;—barges laden with vegetables, with red and blue, and yellow sails; barcas filled with soldiers speeding to or from guard-changing posts; sandali, rowed by men with tasselated caps, where the tethered goats were bleating as the peasant women milked them there between customer and customer, above the gurgling waters of the tides; boats with villagers, their families, their huge flagons of milk and diminutive rolls of butter, in last year's corn husks, sweet and white; again sandalo, gondola and boat, with messengers with the night's telegrams, postmen with the morning's letters, funeral corteges, water-carriers, with butchers, bakers, ice men, grocery-men, and with fine, fat old friars with fine, fat old baskets, making their early morning rounds;—all like a marvellous dream to the Stipples family in Venice, as to countless thousands of other dreamers before their now unbroken, only happy time.

And glorious, too, those other sunlit days!—to far Chioggia with its sails and reeds; to distant Burano with its lazy fishermen and towns; to Malamocco with its weird Venetian myths; to St. Erasmo with its gardens, pollards and dykes, like a bit of Holland dropped beneath Italian skies; or idly floating among the green and glowing islets of Laguna Morta, with the rich Euganean hills fading into indistinguishable flecks of splendor in the misty haze beyond.

But here was perfect peace upon these broad lagoons; peace with Burr and Venetia left wandering beneath the domes and towers that rose empurpled from the mystic sea; peace to Stillwater Stipples as he closed his eyes and dozed, and to good Mrs. Stipples who opened her eyes and dreamed; to Rose, as she stole tender glances at their dumb gondolier; content to the irrepressible Olive who caught the vagrant seaweed floating by and with half-smothered giggling teased and tormented poor Denio's heels and toes; and entire peace and happiness at last to the Stipples family in Venice, when, after its jagged and sturdy head had gathered them all safely at the station for the journey home, and he had returned time and again from feeing dumb Denio at the traghetto there, begging him at last to name his own price to exchange his gondola for the exalted seat of a coal wagon in New York, the faithful gondolier sprang quickly from among his grinning comrades, as they shouted "Addios!" and blessings innumerable after him, bundled the family into their railway compartment with familiar officiousness, followed and closed the door behind them, sat down beside Rose with something of an air of cunning triumph, and in his excitement roared in his old familiar tones: "Tear an' ages! Won't I go? Go I will, at the same old wages—barrin' straightenin' outs'—God bliss yez, Stipples, ivery wan!"

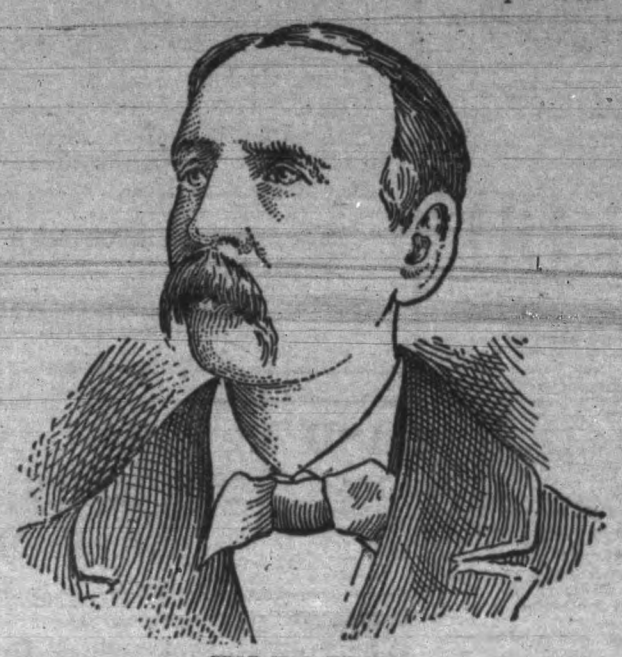
Hood's Sarsaparilla is absolutely unequalled as a blood purifier and strengthening medicine. It is the ideal spring medicine. Try it.

POET, AUTHOR AND ARTIST.

His Royal Highness, Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, Writes Him a Special Letter.

LORD TENNYSON, LATE POET LAUREATE, SENDS HIM KINDLY GREETING.

Professor Wemyss Strongly Endorses Paine's Celery Compound, the Medicine that Makes People Well.



PROF H. G. WEMYSS.

Professor H. G. Wemyss, poet, artist and author, is a resident of Brockville, Ont., and is well and favorably known in England and the United States. Possessing great literary abilities, he has been the recipient of many honors in the past. Among those who have acknowledged Prof. Wemyss' abilities as a poet are His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the late Lord Tennyson, England's poet laureate. From the former he received a special letter of thanks for poetical contributions written for the Queen's Jubilee; and from the latter came a letter bearing kindly greetings and wishes.

Prof. Wemyss in his life work has always kept one great object in view, viz., doing good to men and women of all ranks and conditions. Already the talented professor has conferred blessings on scores of men and women who suffered from various causes. To Prof. Wemyss nature's great healer, Paine's celery compound brought strength, vigor, perfect digestion and a new life. Having secured these inestimable blessings for himself, he pointed out to others the great highway to health. The professor has loudly proclaimed the curing powers of Paine's celery compound; he has closely followed the results, and says "it worked like magic." Professor Wemyss, who has given us permission to use his letter, says:

"I write to say that I have been a sufferer for years from irritable stomach and debility. No medicine has done me so much good as Paine's celery compound. I fully endorse all that is said in its favor as a powerful recuperator of a run-down system. My wife had a very bad attack of salt rheum. Her hands were terrible to look at, and she suffered intense pain and torture. She was getting worse under the treatment she tried, but when Paine's celery compound was used it worked like magic, and up to the time of writing she is nearly cured. I gave a few trial doses to a friend of mine suffering from debility, and she found so much benefit from it that she is going under a regular course of the compound. Her husband will also use it for rheumatism."

Insolent Aristocrats.

London, Feb. 23.—The Daily News, Gladstonian, enumerates in a leader this morning thirteen charges against the house of lords. All these concern the mutilation or rejection of reform proposals during the present parliamentary session. "The rapid growth of the popular agitation against the house of lords," it comments, "is evidenced by daily meetings. We are now face to face with one of the very gravest problems of our constitutional history. This odious institution of hereditary legislators cannot possibly continue to have a place in free governments." The News also says that Lord Salisbury will advise the lords not to insist on any critical amendments of the parish councils bill, except those relating to the affairs of the various charities.

The Anarchists.

Paris, Feb. 23.—The police court officials are receiving violent letters, threatening in the name of anarchism to avenge the death of August Vaillant and the prosecution of Emil Henri. M. Roullier was informed to-day by letter that he had been a marked man ever since he had helped to send Vaillant to the guillotine, and his fate has been finally sealed by his conduct in the case of Henri. "You will be the first to go," was the last sentence of the letter. Some sensation has been caused by the appearance of a communist manifesto, sent out by the socialist deputies in view of the impending municipal elections.

An infernal machine filled with blasting powder and with a time fuse attached to it was found last evening at the door of the house occupied by the president of the civil court in Bethune. A dozen sham bombs were examined by the municipal laboratory to-day. The frontier police at Muelhausen, in Alsace, arrested to-day two anarchists who had been expelled from Switzerland. Both the German and French police are keeping a close watch for anarchists crossing the Swiss border.

London, Feb. 23.—A Frenchman named Gallien was arrested and brought before the Bow street police court yesterday on a charge of burglary committed in France, and argument was begun looking to his extradition. During the proceedings he was identified as an anarchist who had been associated with Ravachol. He was remanded for further examination. The police to-day arrested in a workshop a French anarchist named Petit Jean, an intimate friend of Bourdin, who was killed by the explosion of one of his own bombs, near the Greenwich observatory, on the evening of February 15. His arrest is regarded as very important.

China and Japan.

San Francisco, Feb. 23.—The steamer Oceanic brings the following advices from China and Japan. The inhabitants of a large village named Ku Laou, in Canton Province, fearing that the brigands and bandits who are just now overrunning that portion of the country, might pay them a visit, constructed a strong stone building in the centre of the village in which they deposited their money and jewelry. Towards the end of last month a band of sixty robbers arrived at the village and blowing open the stronghold with gunpowder, plundered its contents, amounting, it is said, to more than one hundred thousand taels. The affair was reported to the authorities who immediately sent off soldiers in pursuit of the freebooters, but up to latest advices they had not been captured.

Two men on the U. S. S. Concord were seized on the 12th ult. with smallpox, another on the 16th and a fourth on the 18th. They were all immediately sent to the hospital, where one of them died. Smallpox is prevalent in various ports of Japan. There have been fifty-two cases in Tokio since January 1.

A tragic story comes from Gunma, Japan. Tsuboi Zenshiro fell in love with a girl who refused to become his wife. She married soon after to one Zemper. Zenshiro resolved upon revenge. He went into Osawa's house, and, before anyone was aware of his coming threw a bomb into the hearth at which Osawa, his wife, his mother and servant were warming themselves. The mother was killed on the spot, while the others were so seriously injured that no hope is entertained of their recovery.

ALL THREE CURED.

Neil McKechnie, With His Wife and Mother-in-Law Cured of Constipation by Dodd's Kidney Pills—These Pills Better Than Ordinary Cathartics.

Toronto, Feb. 19.—Neil McKechnie, a prominent barber of this city, has been a chronic sufferer from constipation for years. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills, and not only obtained immediate relief, but a permanent cure. His wife and mother-in-law were similarly afflicted, and used these pills with the same good results. Ordinary cathartics give only temporary relief, and leave the patient worse than before using them. While Dodd's Kidney Pills are not cathartics, their peculiar action on the liver and kidneys is such that the causes of constipation are permanently removed. These pills are manufactured by Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., Toronto, and are sold by all dealers, or will be mailed on receipt of price; 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

American.

Bakersfield, Cal., Feb. 23.—A tramp who tried to assault a woman near Poso yesterday was attacked by a dog and escaped. The woman got away and rode barebacked to where her husband was and told her story. The husband and neighbors caught the tramp, bared his back, tied him to a telegraph pole, and gave him an unmerciful lashing with a blacksnake. The wife whipped until she was tired, then the husband, and afterwards the neighbors. The tramp was then turned loose and hurried away.

If you want a reliable dye that will color an even brown or black, and will please and satisfy you every time, use Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

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Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
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Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

W. J. STODDART,

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $2.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.
Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street, Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balances and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

One small fire proof safe for sale very cheap.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.
Hudyan stops Premature ness of the Discharge in 10 days.
Cures

BEFORE LOST AFTER
MANHOOD

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and develops and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private en-

Premature ness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness or debility. If it be stopped in 10 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent free of all charge. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
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Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the House, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Finnamaraft, Gorge Road.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

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Mechanics, Laborers, Domestics,

And help of all kinds furnished on short notice, free of charge.

We respectfully ask your patronage.

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VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St, Victoria.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Sam Kee has this day bought out the Wood-hauling business of Jim Yee, and will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the business lately conducted by Jim Yee.

Victoria, B.C., Feby. 21, 1893. 3t

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HORRIBLY MANGLED.

Ghastly Fate of a Chinaman—Lynn's Whereabouts Known.

Nanaimo, Feb. 24.—The Joan brought down news of a frightful accident which occurred to a Chinaman on the Union mine railroad on Thursday. As the locomotive passed a number of Chinamen on the line some of them jumped on board the cars, but one unfortunate fellow missed his footing and fell head first on the rails. The wheels of the next car immediately passed over his neck decapitating him instantaneously, then his clothing became entangled and before the engine was stopped the body had been literally torn to pieces in a horrible manner, so that it had to be removed with a shovel. The Chinaman's death was caused by his own rach act and no one else is to blame.

By the same steamer comes the news of the arrest of two Indians supposed to have been implicated in the murder of Green and Taylor at Savory Island. The Indians claim to know the whereabouts of Lynn, and intimated they were willing to conduct the police to his hiding place, which is a cave situated in the mountains, but they first want to be assured they will be suitably rewarded.

Mayor Quennell has been assured by Hon. Mr. Turner, minister of finance that something will be undertaken by the government towards the erection of suitable schools for Nanaimo, although nothing will be done at this session on an extensive scale.

Mrs. B. Aaronson is confined to her bed from injuries received by coming into collision with a coasting party.

For Three Days.

Surah silks, three yards for $1, at Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street.

JUMPED TO HIS DEATH.

C. Vater Has His Skull Fractured by an Engine.

Wellington, Feb. 24.—At noon as the incoming train from Victoria was passing the crossing near the hotel, C. Vater was standing upon the track at a part of the roadbed which he evidently did not think the train would pass, as there was a switch close by to another part of the track. The train was approaching slowly with the bell ringing, and Vater, thinking he was safe, looked in the other direction. On turning his head again he saw that he would be struck by the train, when, to save himself he made a jump for the cowcatcher, but missing his jump he fell upon the track and was struck by the bolts on the side pieces of the engine. The blow resulted in the fracture of his skull in several places, and the tearing of his scalp. He was taken to his home where he received surgical assistance, but no hopes of his recovery are entertained. He is unconscious.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

Will Not Accept Any Reduction in Its Estimates.

The school trustees held a special meeting at the office of Secretary B. Williams. All the directors except Caleb Bishop were present, and Chairman Hayward presided.

The appended letter from the city clerk was read:

February 24, 1894.

Re estimate for school purposes for the year 1894:

B. Williams, Esq., Secretary Board of School Trustees, Victoria, B.C.

Sir: I have the honor to inform you that the requisition of the board of school trustees for $3,500 for repairs, and $1,300 for sundries, has been reduced to $2,000 and $1,000 respectively, and to state in this connection that $2,000 is all the council has voted to expend on necessary repairs to the city hall.

I am also directed to acquaint you that the city council has seen fit to make a reduction of 15 per cent. in the civic salaries of all officers and employes receiving over $100 per month, and 7 1-2 per cent. in the case of those receiving less than $100 per month and more than $60 per month, and that the council trusts that the board of school trustees will make a similar reduction in regard to the salaries over which it has control.

"The necessity of the times and the demands of the ratepayers require the most rigid economy, consonant with proper safeguards for efficiency, in all departments of civic service, and it is the request of the council that the board will coincide with this policy and so frame its estimate as to harmonize with the action the council has taken in regard to the salaries of civic officers and employes.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
W. J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

The board, after some discussion, passed the following resolution:

Moved by Mr. McNeill, seconded by J. S. Yates: That the secretary be and is hereby instructed to acknowledge receipt of the letter from the city clerk, dated February 21st, 1894, and to state for the information of his worship the mayor and aldermen, that in preparing their estimates (under section 34 of the school act) for the current year this board had in view the necessity of the times and the demand of the ratepayers, and consequently made their requisition as small as the efficient maintenance of the schools would permit, and therefore cannot submit to the reductions intimated; but if during the year any opportunities occur of curtailing expenses the board will gladly avail themselves of them. And that we have under serious consideration the council's example in reducing civic salaries and hope to assist in that direction also as soon as we are satisfied that the reduction of the teachers' salaries will not injuriously affect the welfare of the pupils. Therefore the board have to request that the council be prepared to pay over the sums mentioned in said estimates as provided under the said section.

A number of slight improvements applied for will be investigated by the supply committee.

The South ward school boiler case was tabled until Mr. Bishop is able to be present.

As the Times goes to press the meeting is still in progress.

FLOUR

WHEAT, HAY, MILL FEED, Etc., Etc.

HAVING our own Mill, Wharf and Warehouse, places us in a position to fill promptly our customers' requirements at the lowest possible price. Free delivery.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

25 Government St., VICTORIA.

"Devoutly to be Wished."

An earnest plea comes to Grip from far off Enderby, B. C. The writer imploringly says: "Please help to chase the crowds away from the cities to till the soil, utilise the forest, develop the mines, and gather in the wealth from the fish farms of our oceans and lakes. Provide an antidote to check the emigration to Uncle Sam's land!" To this earnest soul we say—Right you are; we will help all we can. But our experience is that crowds have got to be attracted; they can't be driven in any desired direction. The way to prevent people from crowding into the cities is to so fix things that it will pay them better to stay on the farms or in the forests or mines. We have an excellent plan for doing this up our sleeve, and if the government send for us confidentially our advice is at their disposal, heartily. —Grip.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Foward in the Sporting World.

CRICKET.

ANNUAL MEETING OF VICTORIAS.—The annual meeting of the Victoria Cricket club was held last evening at the Clarence hotel and was very well attended. H. P. Snowden took the chair and after disposing of some routine matters the following resolution was passed:

"That the proposition of the Athletic Association be accepted upon the understanding that no rental shall be paid until the grounds are, in the opinion of the Victoria cricket club, in a fit condition for playing upon."

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—His Honor the Lieutenant Governor.

Vice-President—Mr. Justice Drake.

Secretary—J. F. Foulkes.

Treasurer—A. G. Smith.

Committee—Hon. C. E. Pooley, Dr. J. D. Helmcken, A. T. Goward, B. H. T. Drake and C. W. Rhodes.

The meeting closed after passing votes of thanks to the proprietors of the Clarence and to the chairman.

Don't Miss

The clearance sale to-morrow at Lansdowne house.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

THE CHURCHES.

(Announcements under this head are free. To ensure insertion the copy must be received before 3 p. m. on Saturday.)

St. Mark's—Third Sunday in Lent—8 a.m., holy eucharist; 11 a.m., mattns, litany and sermon by Rev. Archdeacon Scriven; 3 p.m., Sunday school; 3.45 p.m., children's service; 4.15 p.m., men's bible class; 7 p.m., evensong, with addres by Rev. W. H. P. Arden. Rev. J. H. Hewetson continues his addresses on the Church, on Wednesday at 8 p. m., and Canon Paddon delivers the fourth of his series to children on Friday, at 4.30 p.m.

Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A., will officiate in the Metropolitan Methodist Church on Pandora Avenue at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. to-morrow. Evening subject—"Moses' excuses and the exile's return."

Central Presbyterian Church—Rev. P. McF. McLeod, pastor—Services as usual. Evening subject, "Advice to Sacredotalists. He that hath no sword let him sell his garment and buy one."

"Coming troubles and retribution the precursers of the reign of Christ on earth," is the subject of lecture on Sunday evening at 7 in the Christadelphian meeting room, 47 1-2 Government St., a few doors south of Fort St. All are welcome.

James Bay Methodist Church—Rev E. Robson, pastor—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject of evening sermon. "Hard times, cause and cure." Homeless, moneyless, friendless, hopeless ones are specially invited.

Herald St. Mission—Service in Chinook at 2.30 p.m., and English at 7 p.m.

St. Barnabas' Church—Third Sunday in Lent—Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer, litany and sermon, 11 a.m.; Sunday school, 2.30 p.m.; address to men only, by the Bishop, 4 p.m.; evensong, prayer and sermon, 7 p.m. Preachers—Morning, Canon Beanlands; evening, Canon Paddon.

Week day services—Wednesday at 4 p.m., for children; Friday evening, prayer and sermon, 7.30 pm.

Methodist Church, Victoria West—Rev. Geo. H. Morden, pastor—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject morning, "The Great Burden;" evening, "The Precious Redemption."

Emmanuel Baptist Church—The pastor, Rev. R. H. McEwen, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning subject, "Prevailing Yet Unavailing;" evening, subject, "God's Lamb."

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald Street—Rev. T. Baldwin of Seattle will preach morning and evening.

Burnside Mission—W. Marchant will conduct service at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Langley & Co.

Wonderful One Dollar Shoes.

For men and boys, for women and girls, Russell & McDonald's annual boot and shoe sale, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

PASSENGERS.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Booth, A Pennell, J McPhee, M Stevens, James Law, T D Fray, J Meson, Mrs Ceasar, A A Trocan, A D Emery, Geo Wade, T S Merchant, F H Worlock, J Holloway.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—W Matheson, Miss D Vincent, H B Smith, D Ker, G L Joell, D Raymond, F M Beaumont, Mrs Motley, Miss VincentMrs Vincent, Mrs McLellan, Wm Wilson, John Thomas, W Hopkins, G E Townsend, Miss L Vincent, F C Gamble, V Mitchell, J Wilson, J N Kendell, Master E Watkins, W C Motley.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—T N Hibben, Geo Powell, J Piercy, Speed Bros, S Willis, Langley & Co, T E Smith, Ames Holden Co, Wilson Bros, J & A Clearihue, James Mitchell, Fell & Co, C N Cameron, Wm Wilby, L Lewis, A McGregor, R J Matthews, J McKenzie, Brown Bros, D Spencer, H Saunders, S H E Co, L Dickinson, Ibwenburg & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, R Maynard, A C Robertson, B C Canning Co, B C Cattle Co, Blair & Gordon, Cookson & Co, F G White, J T Jones, L Goodacre, Wm Templeton, Wm Matheson, Wm Beech, W J Dwyer, Dom Exp Co.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—Can Gen Elec Co, Van, J A Kenning, D Spencer, Thos Earle, H B Co, E Crow Baker, S Leiser, S Schoen, P Kenemedal, Geo. Elliot, Baker & Leeson.

MARRIED.

LEIGH—MASON—At the residence of the bride's parents, Craigflower Road, on the evening of Friday, Feb'y 23rd, Rev. Geo. H. Morden officiating, Mr. Sidney M. Leigh, to Charlotte, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mason, all of Victoria.

DIED.

STEITZ—In this city on the 23rd inst., Geo. Steitz, aged 65 years, a native of Bavaria. The funeral will take place on Monday, the 26th inst., at 2 p.m., from his late residence, 114 Fisguard St., and at 2.30 p.m. from Christ Church Cathedral.

DALE—On the 20th inst., Sarah Ann, the beloved wife of David Dale, a native of Norfolk, England, aged 60 1-2 years. The funeral will take place on Sunday, from the family residence, No. 20 North Park St., at 1.30 p.m., and at Christ Church Cathedral at 2 o'clock. Friends will please accept this intimation.

Scrofula

is Disease Germs living in the Blood and feeding upon its Life. Overcome these germs with

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, and make your blood healthy, skin pure and system strong. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong—
TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?

A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 35 MILLION POUNDS.

If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, 12 & 14 St. John Street, Montreal.

SMOKE

T and B

20 CENTS A PLUG.

MORRIS',
Colonist Block.

Hard Times

And how to improve them.
By keeping your money at home and using

PENDRAY'S

ELECTRIC SOAP, 20 bars for $1.
BLACKING, 5c. per tin.
EXTRACT OF SOAP, 2 pkgs. for 25c., 5 lbs. for 50c. (This is the finest Washing Powder in the market.)
DOMINION STOVE POLISH, 5c. per block.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

And refuse any other substitutes. This will give employment to the unemployed and to your children.

For Sciatic & Neuralgic Pains

TRY ONE APPLICATION OF THE "D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER. IT WILL DISPEL THE PAIN LIKE MAGIC.

Two Little Girls in Blue

Is very popular, but not so much so as our sale of Ladies' Buttoned Boots. We are clearing line at

$1.00 per pair.

Daisy Bell

Wears a pair of these boots and is the talk of the town.

A. B. Erskine,
Cor. Gov't & Johnson Streets.

DR. BAKER'S Painless Extraction of Teeth!

Having purchased from Dr. Kellogg, of Chicago, the sole right to use his local anesthetic in Victoria, I am now prepared to extract teeth

Absolutely Without Pain.

This medicine is a perfectly safe local anesthetic, having been used on over 30,000 patients without a bad result.

By applying it to the gums the living pulp or nerve can be extirpated without a vestige of pain, which has not been hitherto accomplished by any local application.

If you have any teeth to extract we will do it without pain, or no money asked.

OFFICE, 98 YATES ST.,
Over Cochrane & Munn's Drug Store
Entrance Yates Street.

DOMINION CREAMERY
THE
Best in Canada.

ARRIVED
AND
Now on Sale
AT
Erskine, Wall & Co.

The Stanley House.

JUST ARRIVED

6 CASES **New Spring Goods**

CONSISTING OF

75 Pieces Fancy Prints,
20 Pieces Dress Tweeds,
25 Pieces Fancy Dress Goods,
1 Case Cashmere Hose,
1 Case Dress Trimmings and Braids,
Silks, Cravenette Cloths,
Black Dress Goods, Muslins, Embroideries,
Etc., Etc.

These are the very Newest Goods in the market. Call and see them.

W. S. HAMPSON, Manager.

CASH IS KING!

GOOD LUMBER AND COAL Cheap for Cash at the ROCK BAY COAL AND WOOD YARD.

S. F. McINTOSH.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

Priestley's Dress Goods

A good name is more potent than thrones and kingdoms. In business a good name is vital. The name of Priestley is a synonym for what is delicate, durable and beautiful in Black Dress Goods. In England it is a household word. Priestley's dress fabrics are worn by the well dressed women of Great Britain, while on this side, they have attained to general favor. Ladies should buy no other black dress goods till they have seen Priestley's. They add to an unequalled durability, a beautiful draping quality. Women of taste understand what that means in the success of a costume. 1

NEW GOODS
AT
WEILER BROS.

COCOA MATS—All Sizes.
KHYBER RUGS—All Sizes.
AXMINSTER RUGS—Very Cheap.
ORIENT RUGS—Subdued Colorings.
JAPANESE CRAPES—Just Arrived.
Embroidered Felt Table Covers and Mantel Borderings.
Also Second Consignment of Wall Papers.

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PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

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AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS!

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co!

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B. C. July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

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WILL QUICKLY CURE
DIPHTHERIA, QUINSY, COLDS AND COUGHS.